# Final HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION REPORT PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT AT 159 CONFEDERATION STREET, TOWN OF HALTON HILLS, ONTARIO

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 Weston Consulting
 Final - Hydrogeology Investigation Report, 159 Confederation Street, Town of Halton Hills, Ontario

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# 1.0. INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

Sirati & Partners Consultants Limited (SIRATI) was retained by Weston Consulting on behalf of Eden Oak (the Client) to conduct a Hydrogeological Investigation for a proposed residential development property located at 159 Confederation Street, Town of Halton Hills, Ontario (the Site). Figure 1 shows the Site Location Plan.

The work carried out for this Hydrogeological Investigation was completed in accordance with SIRATI's Proposal No. P23-09-112 (dated October 27, 2023). This report consists of the findings from the Hydrogeological Investigation. Concurrent with this Hydrogeological Investigation, a Geotechnical Investigation and a Phase One Environmental Site Assessment was also carried out by SIRATI at the Site, their reports are issued under separate covers.). Pertinent information from the Geotechnical Investigation was used to complete this hydrogeological investigation.

## 1.1. Objective

The purpose of this hydrogeological investigation was to assess the existing subsurface conditions, using select borehole locations at the Site to make preliminary recommendations regarding hydrogeological aspects of the Site as they pertain to the proposed development design. The hydrogeological investigation also provides an assessment of the potential dewatering and related permitting requirements for the proposed development, as well as the potential impacts to the surrounding environment from the proposed development and provides recommendations on potential mitigation measures, where possible.

This report is provided based on the provided concept design plan (Eden Oak, Bayfield Georgetown, Concept Plan, Concept-3; September 27, 2023) and all work has been completed in accordance with applicable codes and standards. The recommendations provided in this report generally follow accepted practice for hydrogeological consultants in Ontario.

If there are any changes to the design features that are relevant to the analyses included in this report, SIRATI should be contacted to review the design and confirm whether the conclusions and recommendations contained within this report still apply. It may then be necessary to carry out additional field investigation and analysis before the recommendations made by SIRATI can be relied upon.

This report has been prepared for the use by the Client and its architects and designers for this Site. Third party use of this report without Sirati & Partners Consultants Limited consent is prohibited. The limitation conditions presented in Section 15.0 and Appendix H form an integral part of the report and they must be considered in conjunction with this report.

## 1.2 Scope of Work

The hydrogeological assessment was carried out based on the following scope of work:

- **Review of available background information**: a review of available geological and hydrogeological information for the Site and surrounding areas and review of other investigation reports completed for the Site was conducted. This is to provide background information to allow for characterization of regional and local geological and hydrogeological conditions.
- Site inspection: an inspection of the Property was conducted to review existing site conditions including identification of any hydrogeological features such as significant areas of potential groundwater recharge or areas of groundwater discharge.
- **Private well survey:** a water well inventory survey was conducted through the database maintained by the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) for the area within approximately 500 m radius of the Site. The well information was used in the assessment of potential impact on the water wells.
- **Completion of boreholes/monitoring wells:** Boreholes and monitoring wells were completed across the Site to obtain the information of soil and groundwater at the Site.
- Measurement of groundwater levels: groundwater levels were measured in the monitoring wells installed at the Site. The data was used to interpret the groundwater flow regime.
- In-situ hydraulic conductivity tests: in-situ hydraulic conductivity tests (rising head tests) were completed in three (3) of the monitoring wells (BH/MW-02, BH/MW-03 and BH/MW-04) to estimate hydraulic conductivity of the underlying soils. The estimated hydraulic conductivity was used for dewatering rate calculations.
- **Construction dewatering assessment:** the need for short-term construction dewatering and long-term drainage was assessed, and the dewatering rates were calculated based on the observed soil and groundwater conditions and the Preliminary design for the proposed construction.
- **PTTW and EASR:** the need for permit-to-take-water (PTTW) or Environmental Activity and Sector Registry (EASR) registration was evaluated, based on the short-term and long-term dewatering rates.

- Water Balance (Preliminary): a preliminary water balance was estimated for the proposed development in comparison to pre-development conditions using the Thornthwaite-Mather method based on the climate information obtained from the nearest Environment Canada weather station.
- Assessment of potential impacts: potential impacts due to the proposed development were assessed and when required, mitigation measures were discussed.
- **Reporting:** a hydrogeological investigation report was completed summarising the findings and results obtained from the investigation to provide recommendations.

The hydrogeological study was carried out in accordance with all the following acts and regulations:

- Ontario Water Resources Act.
- Ontario Regulation 387/04 (Water Taking Regulation).
- Ontario Regulation 63/16 (Water Taking under the Environmental Protection Act).
- City of Barrie Sewer Use By-Law 2021-002.

## 2.0. LAND USE

Currently the Property is located on the east side of Confederation Street and approximately 300 m northwest of Mountain Street, in Halton Hills, Ontario. The total area of the Phase One Property is approximately 122,647 sq.m. (12.2647 ha) according to J. D. Barners (Surveyor), October 31, 2023. The Property is undeveloped and covered with wooded areas. A tributary of the Credit River is located approximately 35 m east-northeast of the Property. The Property is planned to be transformed into a housing community with a residential subdivision.

The Property is surrounded by the following properties:

- North: Residential buildings, wooded area, Credit River
- East: Residential buildings
- South: Residential buildings
- West: Residential buildings, Confederation Street, Farmland and residential properties.

The site features are shown on the survey map (Plan of Survey Of Part Of Lot 26 Registrars Compiled Plan No. 1555 Formerly Part Of West Half Of Lot 22, Concession 10 Geographic Township Of Esquesing In The Town Of Halton Hills Regional Municipality Of Halton; J.D. Barnes Limited, October 31, 2023) included in Appendix A. See Figure 1 for the Site Location Plan drawing.

# **3.0. DEVELOPMENT PLAN**

As presented in the provided Concept Plan (Eden Oak, Bayfield Georgetown, Concept Plan, Concept-3; September 27, 2023, see Appendix A), it is understood that the proposed development will include an 81 Townhomes incorporated into thirteen (13) Townhouse Blocks, two (2) semi-detached dwellings), access roadways, parking spaces, landscaping parkland areas, underground storm water management facility, site services (municipal) and undeveloped forested areas. It is assumed that the Townhome units will be constructed with one basement level.

### 4.0. ENVIRONMENTAL FEATURES

To assess environmental features, the databases maintained by the Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry (MNRF), the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) and the Credit Valley Conservation (CVC) were reviewed.

Based on the data reviewed, the Site is situated within the Sixteen Mile Creek-Credit River Tertiary Watershed, Credit River West Branch – Credit River Quaternary Watershed. The Credit River is located between +/- 35 m east to +/- 200 m east of the east property boundary of the Site. The topography of the Site slopes from west to east (toward the Credit River), with an approximate elevation of +/- 239 mASL (meters above sea level) at the east site boundary to +/- 264 mASL at Confederation Street (west boundary of the Site). The Credit River is at an approximate elevation of +/- 232 mASL. Figure 3 presents the location of the Site and natural features. Based on the available mapping, two (2) tributaries of the Credit River flow from west to east across the Site.

Based on review of the MNRF database, the Site is not located in any area identified as an area of natural heritage & scientific interests (ANSI), (Figure 3).

A regulated area represents the greatest physical extent of the combined hazards, plus a prescribed allowance as set out in the Conservation Authorities Act to protect and safeguard watershed health in terms of environmental areas such as wetlands, shorelines and watercourses. As such, a site located within a regulation area, development restrictions shall likely apply to the proposed development. Portions of the north and east areas of the Site lie within a CVC regulated area (as shown on Figure 5).

### 5.0. SOURCE WATER PROTECTION AREA

Based on review of the MECP's Source Protection Information Atlas, the Site is located within the Credit Valley S.P.A. (Source Protection Area). The Site is not within in an area identified as a Quantity Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA-Q1 and WHPA-Q2). The Site is located within a Significant Groundwater Recharge Area (see Figure 6).

### 5.1. Quantity Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA-Q)

Based on review of the MECP's Source Protection Information Atlas, the Site is not within a Wellhead Protection Area, the Site is not within an Intake Protection Zone, the Site is not within an Issue Contributing Area. The Site is greater than 3 km north of the nearest municipal groundwater supply well head. It is not likely that temporary shallow construction dewatering at the Site will significantly impact the deeply seated municipal groundwater supply.

### 5.2. Wellhead Protection Area -D (WHPA-D)

Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA) is an area that is related to a wellhead, within which it is desirable to regulate or monitor drinking water threats. WHPAs are delineated for threats to quality and quantity.

Wellhead Protection Areas for Quality (WHPA-A, -B, -C, -D) are the areas near a municipal well which are sensitive to contamination, and which are arranged according to either a set distance or delineated based on the time of-travel (up to 25 years) that it would take for water entering the ground to reach the well. WHPAs are also delineated for municipal wells where nearby surface water flows can seep through soil and influence the well (WHPA-E). This situation is known as groundwater under the direct influence of surface water, or a GUDI well.

The Site is not located within a Wellhead Protection Area.

# 6.0. PHYSICAL SETTING

### 6.1. Topography and Drainage

Using the interactive topographic map generator (https://atlas.gc.ca), the topography in the vicinity of the Site gently slopes from the west to the east. The area slopes from Confederation Street to the west of the Site at elevation +/-265 mASL, eastwards toward the east property boundary of the Site at elevation +/-245 mASL (towards steep ravine and the Credit River). Drainage is anticipated to follow the local topography, towards the east/southeast to the Credit River (as shown in Figure 4).

# 6.2. Physiography

According to Chapman and Putnam (1984), the Site is located within or bordering the Horseshoe Moraines physiographic region and Peel Plains physiographic region. Physiographic mapping shows the Site to be within Spillways physiography. See Figure 7.

### 6.3. Overburden

According to the Surficial Geology of Southern Ontario (Ontario Geological Survey, 2003) the Site (as shown in Figure 8) is covered by Glaciofluvial deposits consisting of river deposits and delts topset facies, gravelly deposits. The Site is located within a former sand and gravel extraction site based on the mapping. Based on information from Ontario Geologic Survey, Aggregate Resources Inventory, Regional Municipality of Halton, ARIM 184-2 Bedrock Resources (2009) mapping, the Paleozoic bedrock is covered by drift. The overburden/drift thickness around the Site is generally 8 to 15 m, isolated bedrock outcrops may occur.

## 6.4. Bedrock Geology

According to the Paleozoic Geology of Southern Ontario (Ontario Geological Survey, 2007), the Site (shown in Figure 9) is underlain by the Queenston formation, limestone, shale, siltstone and sandstone.

# 7.0. HYDROGEOLOGY

Water well records on file with the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) serve as a database for this hydrogeological assessment. The well locations were provided from the MECP interactive water well record database. According to the well records, there appears to be nine (9) well record for the Site. There are 97 well records within a 500 m radius around the property (including the well records for the property). The locations of the recorded water wells are shown on Figure 10, see Appendix G for Well Record information.

The water well records in the site area include domestic water wells and abandoned water wells. Based on the details in the well records, overburden materials are present in the study area, extending to depths of 8.5 mbgs (28 ft) to 26 mbgs (85ft). Red shale bedrock was encountered below the overburden materials. The maximum water well depth extended to approximately 43 mbgs. The groundwater levels recorded in the water wells ranged from dry conditions to 1.8 mbgs. Based on the details in the water well records, the overburden material noted consisted primarily of sandy and gravelly deposit with interbedded clayey deposits over red shale bedrock. Groundwater wells encountered potable groundwater within the upper aquifer zones, lower confined sandy aquifer levels and within the shale bedrock levels.

Note, no domestic type of potable groundwater wells were observed at the site during the site reconnaissance completed for the Phase One Environmental Site Assessment. Test holes/groundwater monitoring wells were observed at the property.

## 8.0. FIELD WORK METHODOLOGY

### 8.1. Borehole Drilling and Monitoring Well Installation

As part of the SIRATI geotechnical investigation, four (4) boreholes equipped with monitoring wells (numbered as BH/MW-01, BH/MW-02, BH/MW-03 and BH/MW-04) were drilled at the site in December 2023. The approximate borehole and monitoring well locations are shown in Figure 2, borehole logs are within Appendix B.

The boreholes were advanced to depths ranging from 6.2 mbgs to 10.8 mbgs, and monitoring wells were constructed using 2-inch diameter, 1.5 m or 3 m PVC screens at depths from 6.1 mbgs to 10.7 mbgs. The construction details for the monitoring wells are presented in the table below.

Monitoring Well	Ground Elevation (mAMSL)	nd Monitoring Well Scree ion Depth (mbgs)		Screened Soil
BH/MW-01	254.2	6.2	3.1 ~ 6.2	Sand & Gravel to sand silt
BH/MW-02	257.0	9.4	6.3 ~ 9.4	Sand and silt till
BH/MW-03	253.3	6.1	3.0 ~ 6.1	Sand and silt till
BH/MW-04	249.1	10.7	$7.6 \sim 10.7$	Sand to silty sand

 Table 8-1
 Monitoring Well Construction Details

Notes: mAMSL – metres above mean sea level; mbgs – metres below ground surface

### 8.2. Groundwater Monitoring and Elevation Survey

After the well installation, groundwater levels were measured in the newly installed monitoring wells. In addition, a location and elevation survey were conducted using a GPS unit for both the boreholes and the monitoring wells advanced at the Site.

# 8.3. Hydraulic Conductivity Test (Single Well Response Test/Slug Test)

In-situ hydraulic conductivity tests, also called single well response test or slug test, were conducted on three (3) monitoring wells, BH/MW-02, BH/MW-03 and BH/MW-04 on January 5, 2024. During the test, a datalogger was placed in the monitoring well after the initial water level was measured. Then, a certain amount of water was removed from the test well (for a rising head test) to create a water level drawdown in the well. The water level recovery was recorded by the datalogger, and the data was then used for estimating the hydraulic conductivity of the screened soil.

### 8.4. Groundwater Sampling and Chemical Testing

Groundwater samples were collected on December 12, 2023, from groundwater monitoring wells BH/MW-02 and BH/MW-04. Chemical testing was completed on the groundwater samples to assess the general water quality for the purpose of excess water disposal (potentially generated from the Site).

The groundwater samples were submitted to AGAT Laboratories for analysis as per Halton Sanitary and Combined Sewer Use By-Law Guidelines (a By-Law to prohibit, regulate and control discharges into bodies of waters within regional boundaries or into the regional sanitary sewers, storm sewers, sanitary sewage works and all tributary sewer systems).

# 9.0. SUMMARIZED SITE CONDITIONS

## 9.1. Soil Stratigraphy

The soil stratigraphy as recorded from the advanced boreholes completed by SIRATI, generally consisted of a thin topsoil deposit with a thickness of 150 mm to 200mm. A layer of fill soil material extending to a depth of 0.8 m to 1.0 m below the ground surface was encountered. Cohesionless soils consisting of gravel deposits, sand deposits and silty sand glacial till deposits extended from the fill base levels to the borehole termination depths. No bedrock was encountered at the maximum explored depth of 10.8 mbgs.

Following is the generalized stratigraphy encountered at 159 Confederation Street (the Site), as depicted in the borehole logs.

**Topsoil:** A surficial layer of topsoil was encountered at the location of boreholes BH/MW-01 and BH-04 with thickness ranging between 150 mm to 200 mm.

# Fill Material:

A layer of fill material was found in all boreholes BH/MW-01 thorough BH/MW-04 beneath the topsoil layer or on the surface extended to depths ranging between 0.8 m and 1 m below the existing ground surface. This layer is generally brown in color and consists of gravelly sand, silty sand with different proportions, occasional trace cobbles, trace organics, occasional trace rootlets, occasional trace wood fragments.

The moisture content in fill layer was found to range from 5.0% to 24.0% indicating relatively moist to very moist conditions.

The measured SPT 'N' values in the fill layer ranged from 4 to 9 blows per 300 mm penetration, indicating a loose material.

**Cohesionless Soil Deposits:** Native cohesionless soil deposits were observed in all boreholes, underlying topsoil layer or fill flayer. This layer is generally reddish brown to brown and brown to grey in color and is comprised of sand and gravel, silty sand, sandy silt with different proportions, occasional trace cobbles, trace to some clay. The cohesionless soil stratum extended to depths ranging between 6.2 m and 10.8 m below the existing ground surface.

The moisture content in cohesionless soil deposit was found to range from 4.0% to 21.0% indicating moist to very moist conditions.

The measured SPT 'N' values in the cohesionless soil deposit ranged from 15 to more than 50 blows per 300 mm penetration, indicating a compact to very dense material.

Grain size and hydrometer analyses on five (5) representative soil samples of cohesionless soil deposit (BH/MW-01/SS2, BH/MW-02/SS6, BH/MW-02/SS10, BH/MW-03/SS4, BH/MW-04/SS5) were conducted and the results are presented in Appendix B with the following fractions:

Clay:3% to 8%Silt:18% to 52%Sand:33% to 59%Gravel:3% to 39%

# 9.2. Groundwater Conditions

Groundwater conditions were observed during the borehole drilling. The boreholes were open and dry upon completion.

# 9.2.1 Groundwater Levels and Elevations

Groundwater levels were measured in all the newly installed monitoring wells on Six (6) occasions, December 12, 2023, to March 01, 2024. The measured and recorded groundwater levels are presented in Table 9-1A and 9-1B below.

		Date: 12/12/2023		Date: 05/01/2024		Date: 22/01/2024	
Monitoring Well	Ground Elevation (mAMSL)	Depth to Groundwater (mbgs)	Groundwater Elevation (mAMSL)	Depth to Ground water (mbgs)	Groundwater Elevation (mAMSL)	Groundwater Elevation (mAMSL)	Groundwater Elevation (mAMSL)
BH/MW-01	254.2	6.07	248.13	5.90	248.30	5.66	248.54
BH/MW-02	257.0	4.43	252.57	4.20	252.80	3.98	253.02
BH/MW-03	253.3	2.44	250.86	2.36	250.94	2.20	251.10
BH/MW-04	249.1	8.32	240.78	8.39	240.71	8.43	240.67

Table 9-1A:	Measured Groundwater	Levels from December	12.202	3. to Januar	v 22, 2024
			,	.,	,,

Notes: mAMSL - metres above mean sea level; mbgs - metres below ground surface.

Table 9 <b>.</b> 1R∙	Measured Groundwater	Levels from February	02 2024	1 to March 01	2024
Table 9-1D.	Measured Groundwater	Levels from rebruary	02,2024	i, to March 01,	2024

		Date: 02/02/2024		Date: 15/02/2024		Date: 01/03/2024	
Monitoring Well	Ground Elevation (mAMSL)	Depth to Groundwater (mbgs)	Groundwater Elevation (mAMSL)	Depth to Ground water (mbgs)	Groundwater Elevation (mAMSL)	Depth to Groundwater (mbgs)	Groundwater Elevation (mAMSL)
BH/MW-01	254.2	5.58	248.62	5.60	248.60	5.62	248.58
BH/MW-02	257.0	3.34	253.66	3.55	253.45	3.64	253.36
BH/MW-03	253.3	1.55	251.75	1.46	251.84	1.44	251.86
BH/MW-04	249.1	8.40	240.70	8.36	240.74	8.30	240.80

Notes: mAMSL – metres above mean sea level; mbgs – metres below ground surface.

As presented above, the groundwater levels measured in the monitoring wells across the Site ranged from 1.44 mbgs at BH/MW-03 on March 01, 2024, to 8.43 mbgs at BH/MW-04 on January 22, 2024, while groundwater elevations ranged from 240.67 mAMSL at BH/MW-04 on January 22, 2024, to 253.66 mAMSL at BH/MW-02 on February 02, 2024.

It should be noted that groundwater levels can vary and are subject to seasonal fluctuations and in response to major weather events.

### 9.2.2 Inferred Groundwater Flow Direction

Based on the water level elevations obtained from December 12, 2023, to March 01, 2024, the groundwater elevation contours were established and are shown on Figure 11. The shallow unconfined aquifer groundwater flow direction was inferred to be in a easterly direction.

The hydraulic gradient is a gradient or slope between two or more hydraulic head measurements over the length of the flow path. The hydraulic gradients help determine the groundwater flux or discharge. Groundwater will flow down the hydraulic gradient. Based on the groundwater elevation data for the shallow monitoring wells, horizontal hydraulic gradient (geometric mean) was calculated to be approximately 0.0325 m/m (Table 9.2).

Monitoring Well	Groundwater Elevation (mAMSL) (22/01/2024)		Distance Between Monitors (m)	Gradient (m/m)
BH/MW-01 to BH/MW-02	248.54	253.02	305	0.0147
BH/MW-01 to BH/MW-04	248.54	240.67	135	0.0583
BH/MW-02 to BH/MW-04	253.02 240.67		310	0.0400
G	0.0325			

Table 9.2: Horizontal Hydraulic	Gradients
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# 9.3. Estimated Hydraulic Conductivity

The hydraulic conductivity (K-value) of the soils was estimated based on the results obtained from the single well response tests (slug tests).

Single well response tests or slug tests were conducted as part of this hydrogeological study at three (3) monitoring well locations (namely BH/MW-02, BH/MW-03 and BH/MW-04) on January 5, 2024. Either a falling head test or a rising head test was performed on the wells. BH/MW-01 did not contain sufficient groundwater levels for testing. Based on the data obtained from the single well response test/slug test, the hydraulic conductivity for the screened soils was estimated utilizing the Aqtesolv pumping test software with the Hvorslev method. Records of the slug tests and the data processing are provided in Appendix C.

The results of the estimated hydraulic conductivity are summarized in Table 9-3 below.

Monitoring Well	Screen Depth (mbgs)	Tested Soil Type	Hydraulic Conductivity (m/s)
BH/MW-02	6.3~9.4	Sand and silt till	1.399 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>
BH/MW-03	3.0~6.1	Sand and silt till	1.572 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>
BH/MW-04	7.6 ~ 10.7	Sand to silty sand	3.333 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>
	1.942 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>		

 Table 9-3: Results of Estimated Hydraulic Conductivity as per Slug Tests

As presented above, the estimated hydraulic conductivity of BH/MW-02 was  $1.399 \times 10^{-6}$  m/s, BH/MW-03 was  $1.572 \times 10^{-6}$  m/s and BH/MW-04 was  $3.333 \times 10^{-6}$  m/s, with a geometric mean of  $1.942 \times 10^{-6}$  m/s.

# 9.4. Water Quality

Groundwater samples were collected on December 12, 2023, from groundwater monitoring wells BH/MW-02 and BH/MW-04 and were submitted to AGAT Laboratories for general chemistry compared to the Halton Sanitary and Combined Sewer Use By-Law Guidelines. It should be noted that AGAT Laboratories is accredited by the Canadian Association of Laboratory Accreditation (CALA).

The analyzed parameters for the groundwater included E.Coli, CBOD5, Organics, Inorganics and Dissolved Metals in Water. A copy of the laboratory Certificate of Analysis is presented in Appendix D.

Table 9-3 below summarizes the exceeded parameters of groundwater sampled from BH/MW-02 and BH/MW-04 when compared to the Halton Sanitary and Combined Sewer Use By-Law Guidelines:

Table 9-3 Guideline Violation of Halton Sanitary and Combined Sewer Use By-Law (Unit in mg/L)

Sample Source	Sample ID	Parameter	Guideline	Guideline Value	Measured Concentration
BH/MW-04	BH/MW-04	E.Coli (MI-Agar)	Halton Sewer Use By-Law	<u>200</u>	900

All other tested groundwater parameters met the Halton Sanitary and Combined Sewer Use By-Law Guidelines.

Filtration is likely to improve the water quality, meanwhile onsite treatment options might be required in addition to filtration for removing excess concentration of E.Coli. Otherwise, the treated groundwater can be discharged into the Municipal Storm Sewer system upon meeting the applicable water quality guidelines and approval from the Regional Municipality of Halton.

# 10.0. CONSTRUCTION DEWATERING

Construction dewatering is intended to lower the groundwater levels in the excavation area to ensure a dry working condition.

The requirements for construction dewatering generally depend on the Site's soil and groundwater conditions including soil type, soil permeability or hydraulic conductivity, local groundwater levels, and

the design of the proposed development such as the foundation and/or basement elevation, as well as the size of proposed structure, etc.

### 10.1. Proposed Development, Anticipated Excavation and Dewatering

As presented in the provided Concept Plan (Eden Oak, Bayfield Georgetown, Concept Plan, Concept-3; September 27, 2023, see Appendix A), it is understood that the proposed development will include an 81, Townhomes incorporated into (thirteen (13) Townhouse Blocks, two (2) semi-detached dwellings), access roadways, parking spaces, landscaping parkland areas, underground storm water management facility, site services (municipal) and undeveloped forested areas. It is assumed that the Townhome house units will be constructed with one basement level. The geodetic elevations for the proposed basement levels and site services were not provided in the Concept Plan.

SIRATI boreholes BH/MW-01 and BH/MW-04 were advanced in the proposed development area. Ground surface elevation at BH/MW-01 is 254.2 mASL and at BH/MW-04 is 249.1 mASL. Groundwater levels measured in BH/MW-01 was found at 5.6 mbgs (248.62 mASL) and in BH/MW-04 was found at 8.3 mbgs (240.80 mASL) on 01/March/2024. It is assumed the cut and fill operations will be required across the development portion of the Property.

It should be noted that groundwater levels can vary and are subject to seasonal fluctuations and in response to major weather events.

Please contact SIRATI for re-evaluation of the construction dewatering analyses once the preliminary design is finalized (final site grades, finalized basement floor slab elevations, finalized foundation elevations, storm and septic sewer design).

### **10.2.** Construction Dewatering Rate Estimation (Short-term)

As discussed, groundwater control in the form of construction dewatering would be considered for the proposed basement excavations, foundation excavations and associated site services in saturated sandy soils below the groundwater levels.

For dewatering rate assessment, the following measurements and assumptions based on available information would be made (See Appendix A for Concept Plan, Concept 3, 27-Sep-2023).

- Highest measured groundwater level: 248.6 mASL (BH/MW-01)
- Highest measured groundwater level: 240.7 mASL (BH/MW-04)
- Ground surface level measured at BH/MW-01: 254.2 mASL
- Ground surface level measured at BH/MW-04: 249.1 mASL

- Target groundwater level: 242.1 mAMSL to 247.2 mASL for possible deep services base depth at 6.0 m
- Excavation area: possible total excavation area of 739.5 m<sup>2</sup> for 6.0 m deep service trenching
- Target groundwater level: 252.2 mAMSL for possible basement construction
- Excavation area: possible total excavation area of 4,000 m<sup>2</sup> for basements
- Target groundwater level: 252.2 mAMSL for possible U/G SWM Tank
- Excavation area: possible total excavation area of 616 m<sup>2</sup> for U/G SWM Tank, base depth 6.0m
- Hydraulic conductivity: 1.942 x 10<sup>-6</sup> m/s (geometric mean measured hydraulic conductivity)
- Positive dewatering would be completed using well points or educators in combination with sump pumps.

To estimate the construction dewatering volume, the following equation for an unconfined aquifer can be used at a steady-state condition.

$$Q = K^*(H^2 - h_w^2) / [0.733 * \log (R/r_e)]$$

Where: Q = dewatering rate (m<sup>3</sup>/s)

K = average hydraulic conductivity for silt (m/s)

H = aquifer thickness or initial water level to reference datum (m)

 $h_w$  = target water level to a reference datum (m)

 $r_e = effective radius = (excavation area/\pi)^{1/2}$  (m)

R = zone of influence = 3000 x (H-h\_w) x  $K^{1/2}$  (m, from the edge of excavation)

$$R_o = zone of influence = r_e + R_o (m, from the centre of excavation)$$

Based on the available information, the above assumptions and groundwater measurements, groundwater dewatering was not anticipated for excavation and construction of the foundations and/or underground basements. The assumed basement levels and assumed foundation levels are above the measured groundwater levels.

Based on the available information, the above assumptions and groundwater measurements, groundwater dewatering was not anticipated for excavation and construction of the proposed U/G SWM

Tank. The assumed base level for the proposed U/G SWM Tank (6.0m depth) is above the measured groundwater levels.

Based on the available information, above assumptions and measurements, the dewatering rate for excavation and construction of possible deep site services (pipe base depth of 6.0m) was estimated to be approximately 31,590 L/day, with an applied safety factor of 3.0. The estimated zone of influence was about 4 m from the edge of excavation. This estimation is anticipated for the western portion of the proposed development area. Dewatering is not anticipated at the east area of the proposed development. Groundwater levels are greater than 6.0m in the east area of the proposed development.

It should be noted that the application of a safety factor is for a more conservative assessment to cover or address some uncertainties (such as coarser textured soils with higher hydraulic conductivity to be encountered during excavation) in order to provide the reference for dewatering designing and/or for permit application. It is known that the equation used in dewatering rate estimation is applied for a steady state condition. In general, at the beginning of the pumping, the pumping rate may be greater than that at the steady state condition, because the water stored in the soils shall be removed as well.

To account for the stormwater runoff on a rainy day during the construction at the Site, a 20 mm daily rainfall was considered for the purpose of dewatering design. The total runoff volume is given by the following formula:

Total Runoff Volume (V) per day = Excavation Area x Rainfall Intensity = Area  $m^2 x 0.02 m/day$ =  $m^3 /day$  or L/day.

Based on the above assumptions and measurements stormwater volume estimated to accumulate for excavation and construction of the foundations and/or underground basements (all Blocks combined) would be approximately 80,000 L/day.

Based on the above assumptions and measurements, stormwater volume estimated to accumulate at the U/G SWM Tank would be approximately 12,320 L/day.

Based on the above assumptions and measurements, stormwater volume estimated to accumulate at the open deep service trench excavations (total area combined) would be approximately 14,790 L/day.

The design and installation of a construction dewatering system is usually the responsibility of the construction contractor. The contractor should verify the information presented in this report. This may

be done by examining the groundwater conditions in test pits or by a full-range pumping test carried out by the dewatering subcontractor.

During the period of active dewatering, water levels should be monitored within the excavation footprints and around the perimeter of the excavation to confirm the zone of influence from dewatering area. In addition, the discharge quality should be monitored according to the permit or agreement if the local sewer systems are to be used. All water taking and discharge volume is recommended to be recorded and maintained.

Design of a dewatering system is generally the responsibility of the Contractor. To this end, appropriate measures should be taken during construction to deal with surface water and groundwater infiltration into excavation to enable construction. Around the perimeter of the excavation, an inceptor perimeter trench should be constructed to prevent surface water ingress entering the excavation areas. Any implemented dewatering system must also include an appropriate filtration mechanism to prevent the pumping of fines and loss of ground.

Please contact SIRATI for re-evaluation of the construction dewatering analyses once the design is finalized (final site grades, finalized basement floor slab elevations, finalized foundation elevations, storm and septic sewer design).

The details of the construction dewatering calculations are provided in Appendix E.

### 10.3. Sub-drain Dewatering (Long-term)

In general, a subdrainage system or weeping tile system is typically recommended to be constructed for the proposed building(s) to avoid hydrostatic pressure from groundwater on the footing walls as well as to achieve a dry condition for the basement level.

Long term sub-drain dewatering may not be anticipated for the residential housing blocks, as per the assumptions and results listed in Section 10.2 (based on the available information).

It should be noted that should finalized detail drawings of a weeping tile or sub-drain system be made available, the long-term dewatering estimation is recommended to be re-evaluated accordingly (contact SIRATI in this regard). The civil engineers should at their discretion consider a safety factor when doing the design.

Please contact SIRATI for re-evaluation of the construction dewatering analyses once the design is finalized (final site grades, finalized basement floor slab elevations, finalized foundation elevations, storm and septic sewer design).

### 10.4. Regulatory Permits or Registration

Any construction dewatering or water taking in Ontario are governed by Ontario Regulation 387/04 – Water Taking and Transfer, an Ontario regulation made under the Ontario Water Resource Act (OWRA), and/or Ontario Regulation 63/16 – Registration under Part II.2 of the Act – Water Taking, made under Environmental Protection Act and/or Section 34 of the Ontario Water Resources Act (OWRA).

According to Section 34 of the OWRA, any water taking over 50,000 litres per day may not take place without a valid permit, which shall be applied and obtained in accordance with the MECP's permit-to-take-water (PTTW) Manual, dated April 2005.

According to O. Reg. 63/16, a PTTW will not be required for temporary construction dewatering (for six months or less) in an amount greater than 50,000 L/day but less than 400,000 L/day. However, a registration or posting shall be processed through Environmental Activity and Sector Registry (EASR).

Based on the available information, above assumptions and measurements, the temporary construction dewatering rate for the development will be anticipated at 31,590 L/day, and the stormwater volume estimate would be approximately 107,110 L/day for a total of 138,700 L/day. Therefore, a PTTW will not be required for the short-term dewatering. However, an EASR registration is required for temporary construction dewatering (pending final design of the development Site).

### 10.5. Point of Discharge

For land developments in an urban area, the local sewer systems are usually used to receive the water generated from a development site. Filtered dewatering discharge is recommended to meet the applicable Municipal discharge guidelines/By-Law (Regional Municipality of Halton) prior to discharge.

Catch basins or local sewer systems were not observed on Confederation Street. Roadway ditching was observed on Confederation Street. If the local roadway ditching system is selected as a discharge point by the contractor, a permit or application to use the Halton Region ditching may likely be required. Treatment such as diffusers, silt bags, sediment control, flow check dams (and/or other methods of filtration/control measures) may be required as per permitting requirements.

## **11.0. WATER BALANCE**

A preliminary water balance for the 159 Confederation Road property was completed. The water balance was calculated for both pre-development and post-development conditions to assess the change in overall rate of infiltration.

## 11.1. Site Condition

The 159 Confederation Road Site is currently undeveloped and does not contain any residential dwellings or paved areas. The total area of the Site is approximately 122,647 sq.m. (12.2647 ha) according to J. D. Barners (Surveyor), October 31, 2023. One (1) small sized shed (+/- 10 m<sup>2</sup> in size) was observed to be on the property at the time of the site reconnaissance. Based on the available mapping, two (2) tributaries of the Credit River flow from west to east across the Site.

As presented in the provided Concept Plan (Eden Oak, Bayfield Georgetown, Concept Plan, Concept-3; September 27, 2023, see Appendix A), it is understood that the proposed development will include 81 Townhomes (thirteen (13) townhouse blocks, two (2) semi-detached dwellings), access roadways, parking spaces, parkland, underground storm water management facility, site services (municipal) and undeveloped forested areas. It is assumed that the townhouse units will be constructed with one basement level.

For water balance assessment, the development area can be categorized into three (3) types of areas: paved area, building/roof area and landscape/vegetated area, which are shown in Appendix A. A summary of the site area is listed in Table 11-1.

Type of Land Coverage	Pre-Development Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	Post- Development Area (m <sup>2</sup> )
Paved Area	0	10,840
Building/Roof Area	10	17,822
Landscape/Vegetated Area	122,637	93,985
Total (m <sup>2</sup> )	122,647	122,647

 Table 11-1:
 Pre-and Post-Development Site Conditions

### 11.2. Site Level Water Balance

Based on the Thornthwaite and Mather methodology (1957), the water balance is an accounting of water in the hydrologic cycle. Precipitation (P) falls as rain and snow. It can run off towards lakes and streams

(R), infiltrate to the groundwater table (I), or evaporate from ground or evapotranspiration by vegetation (ET). When long-term average values of P, R, I, and ET are used, there is minimal or no net change to groundwater storage ( $\Delta$ S).

The annual water budget can be expressed as:

$$\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{E}\mathbf{T} + \mathbf{R} + \mathbf{I} + \Delta\mathbf{S}$$

Where:

P = Precipitation (mm/year)

ET = Evapotranspiration (mm/year)

R = Run-off(mm/year)

I = Infiltration (mm/year)

 $\Delta S$  = Change in groundwater storage (taken as zero) (mm/year).

## 11.3. Climate Data

The climatic data including monthly average temperature and precipitation were obtained from Environment Canada, for Georgetown WWTP weather station (Climate Identifier: 6152695) located at about 3 km distance from the Site.

Data was available between the years 1979 to 2006, i.e., 27 years. Temporal variations of mean annual temperature and precipitation are shown on Figures 11-3 and 11-4.







Figure 11-4: Mean Monthly Precipitation at the Site

Average monthly variations of both temperature and precipitation were calculated for the period from 1979 to 2006 (27 years) and is presented below in Figure 11-5. The highest average temperature was recorded in the month of July, while the highest precipitation was in the month of November.



Figure 11-5: Mean Monthly Average Temperature and Precipitation at the Site

Based on the data for the precipitation and temperature, actual evapotranspiration was estimated to be about 529 mm/annum using the USGS Thornthwaite Monthly Water Balance software (Appendix F), and the average annual precipitation was recorded to be 898 mm/annum.

# 11.4. Infiltration and Run-off

As mentioned above, the actual evapotranspiration was estimated to be 529 mm/annum. Given the average annual precipitation of 898 mm/annum, there is a water surplus of 369 (=898-529) mm/annum occurring at the Site, which can either infiltrate into subsurface or go as run-off.

The rate of infiltration at a site is expected to vary, based on a number of factors to be considered in any infiltration model. To partition the available water surpluses into infiltration and surface run-off, the MECP infiltration factor was used. The MECP Storm Water Management Planning and Design Manual

(2003) methodology for calculating total infiltration based on topography, soil type and land cover was used, and a corresponding run-off component was calculated for the soil moisture storage conditions.

## 11.5. Water Balance

The calculation of infiltration and runoff in the stages of pre-development and post-development is provided in Appendix F and are presented in Tables 11-2 to 11-5 below.

La	and Use	Area (m²)	Precipitation (m <sup>3</sup> )	Evapotranspiration (m <sup>3</sup> )	Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> )	Run-off (m <sup>3</sup> )
	Paved Area	0.0	0	0	0	0
Impervious Areas	Building/ Roof Area	10.0	9	1	0	8
Pervious Areas	Landscape/ Vegetated Area	122,637	110,128	64,875	33,940	11,313
		122,647	110,137	64,876	33,940	11,321

 Table 11-2:
 Annual Pre-Development Water Balance

Assuming no infiltration occurring in paved and roof areas, 10% of precipitation to be evaporated from paved and roof areas.

		Area	Precipitation	Evapotranspiration	Infiltration	Run-off
La	and Use	(m <sup>2</sup> )	( <b>m</b> <sup>3</sup> )			
	Paved Area	10,840	9,734	973	0	8,761
Impervious	Building/ Roof	17,822	16,004	1,600	0	14,404
Areas	Area					
Pervious	Landscape/	93,985	84,399	49,718	26,010	8,670
Areas	Vegetated Area					
		122,647	110,137	52,292	26,010	31,835

 Table 11-3:
 Annual Post-Development Water Balance

Assuming no infiltration occurring in paved and roof areas, 10% of precipitation to be evaporated from paved and roof areas.

#### Table 11-4: Comparison of Pre- and Post Development Water Balance Components

	Precipitation	Evapotranspiration	Infiltration	Run-off
	( <b>m</b> <sup>3</sup> )			
Pre-Development	110,137	64,876	33,940	11,321
Post-Development	110,137	52,292	26,010	31,835
Change in Volume		-12,584	-7,929	20,513
Change in %			-23	181

Volume of Pre-Development Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> /annum)	33,940
Volume of Post-Development Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> /annum)	26,010
Deficit from Pre to Post Development Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> /annum)	7,929
Percentage of Roof Runoff required to match the pre-development infiltration (%)	55

### Table 11-5: Requirement for Infiltration of Roof Run-off

### 11.6. Summary of Water Balance Calculation

Based on the above calculations, a water balance summary for 159 Confederation Street is listed below:

- There is a net increase in run-off at the Site of about 20,513 m<sup>3</sup>/annum (or 181% increase), from 11,321 m<sup>3</sup>/annum to 31,835 m<sup>3</sup>/annum. This increase is as a result of the development of the Site with more impervious areas such as roof and paved areas and reduction in pervious landscaped areas.
- 2) Without implementation of mitigation measures, there is a net deficit of about 7,929 m<sup>3</sup> /annum (23% decrease) in the post-development infiltration from 33,940 m<sup>3</sup> to 26,010 m<sup>3</sup> on a yearly basis.
- 3) There is a net volume of 7,929 m<sup>3</sup>/annum potentially available to be collected from roof areas, which is sufficient to fully compensate for the post-development infiltration deficit. A diversion of 55% of roof runoff will compensate the total infiltration deficit.

### 11.7. Discussions on LID Measures

Based on the above water balance calculations for 159 Confederation Street, an infiltration deficit will be anticipated in an amount of 7,929 m<sup>3</sup>/year due to the development of the Site. On the other hand, a total amount of 14,404 m<sup>3</sup>/year of roof water is anticipated to be available from the roofs of the buildings, which is sufficient to compensate for the infiltration deficit caused due to the proposed development.

The soil stratigraphy as recorded from the advanced boreholes completed by SIRATI, generally consisted of a thin topsoil deposit with a thickness of 150 mm to 200mm. A layer of fill soil material extending to a depth of 0.8 m to 1.0 m below the ground surface was encountered. Cohesionless soils consisting of gravel deposits, sand deposits and silty sand glacial till deposits extended from the fill

base levels to the borehole termination depths. No bedrock was encountered at the maximum explored depth of 10.8 mbgs. The soils identified at the Site, generally have a fair to good infiltration capacity.

## 12.0. ASSESSMENT OF POTENTIAL IMPACTS

An assessment was made on the potential impacts due to short-term construction dewatering or longterm drainage on the natural features, use of water wells and source protection areas.

As discussed, the construction dewatering under the existing concept design plan (Eden Oak, Bayfield Georgetown, Concept Plan, Concept-3; September 27, 2023), based on the available information, above assumptions and measurements, the temporary construction dewatering rate for the development will be anticipated at 31,590 L/day, and the stormwater volume estimate would be approximately 107,110 L/day for a total of 138,700 L/day. The long-term drainage discharge from the residential blocks may not be anticipated.

Based on the above water balance calculations for 159 Confederation Street, an infiltration deficit will be anticipated in an amount of 7,929 m<sup>3</sup>/year due to the development of the Site. On the other hand, a total amount of 14,404 m<sup>3</sup>/year of roof water is anticipated to be available from the roofs of the buildings, which is sufficient to compensate for the infiltration deficit caused due to the proposed development.

No significant potential impacts would be anticipated.

# 12.1. Natural Features

The topography of the Site slopes from west to east (toward the Credit River), with an approximate elevation of +/- 239 mASL (meters above sea level) at the east site boundary to +/- 264 mASL at Confederation Street (west boundary of the Site). The Credit River is at an approximate elevation of +/- 232 mASL. Figure 4 presents the location of the Site and natural features. Based on the available mapping, two (2) tributaries of the Credit River flow from west to east across the Site.

Based on review of the MNRF database, the Site is not located in any area identified as an area of natural heritage & scientific interests (ANSI), (Figure 4). Portions of the north and east areas of the Site lie within a CVC regulated area. Based on the existing concept design plan, the proposed development area of the Property may be located outside of the CVC regulated area (as shown on Figure 5).

Significant impacts would not be expected due to the proposed development given the distance and the limited zone of influence that has been estimated for construction dewatering, long term dewatering may not be anticipated, 14,404 m<sup>3</sup>/year of roof water is anticipated to be available from the roofs of the

buildings, which is sufficient to compensate for the infiltration deficit caused due to the proposed development.

## 12.2. Private Water Wells on and near the Site

As discussed in Section 7, water well records on file with the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) serve as a database for this hydrogeological assessment. The well locations were provided from the MECP interactive water well record database. According to the well records, there appears to be nine (9) well records for the Site. There are 97 well records within a 500 m radius around the property (including the well records for the property). The water well records include domestic water wells abandoned water well. The maximum water well depth extended to approximately 43 mbgs. The groundwater levels recorded in the water wells ranged from dry conditions to 1.8 mbgs. Based on the details in the water well records, the overburden material noted consisted primarily of sandy and gravelly deposit with interbedded clayey deposits over red shale bedrock. Groundwater wells encountered potable groundwater within the upper aquifer zones, lower confined sandy aquifer levels and within the shale bedrock levels. Local groundwater flow is in an east to southeast direction.

According to Section H4.3.5 Water and Wastewater Services (Hamlet of Glenn Williams Secondary Plan), a piped regional water system currently services the majority of the Hamlet of Glenn Williams. No expansions of the water service are permitted without approval and all new development shall be serviced by piped regional water. The primary method of wastewater servicing for new development within the Hamlet shall be piped regional water services, with connection to the Georgetown Wastewater Treatment Plant. Water mains were observed in the area of the proposed development (including on the Confederation St. R.O.W.). Therefore, significant impact may not be anticipated on the deeply seated private water wells or water uses.

It is recommended the existing groundwater wells be decommissioned in accordance with O.Reg. 903 and Municipal guidelines prior to construction activities at the Site.

# 12.3. Quantity Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA-Q)

The Site is not located in a Wellhead Protection Area. Therefore, the proposed development would not potentially cause an impact or a threat on municipal wells.

### 12.4. Wellhead Protection Area -D (WHPA-D)

The Site is not located in a WHPA-D area. Therefore, the proposed development would not likely cause an impact or a threat on municipal wells.

### 12.5. Ground Settlement/Subsidence

Under certain conditions, dewatering activities can cause ground settlement or subsidence. The ground settlement/subsidence results from the increase in effective stresses caused by the lowering of ground water level and subsequent decrease in pore pressure.

It should be noted that there may be existing buildings (residential structures) and potentially existing underground structures (sewer pipes) on the adjacent properties, which are located within the estimated zone of influence. Considering the drawdown of dewatering and the distance from the excavation/dewatering area, the impacts due to the temporary dewatering would be minor. However, it would be prudent to conduct a monitoring program prior to and during construction dewatering and assess any settlement effects on the existing buildings and structures due to the proposed development.

### 12.6. Local Sewage Works

The water generated during the construction dewatering may be discharged to local sewer systems (storm and/or sanitary) or ditching. As discussed, the groundwater generated from the construction dewatering at the Site may be discharged to the local sewer systems or ditching after appropriate treatment. Treated discharge may increase the load to the local sewer systems.

It should be noted that a permit or agreement to use the local sewer system and/or local ditching shall be obtained prior to treated water discharge.

According to Section H4.3.5 Water and Wastewater Services (Hamlet of Glenn Williams Secondary Plan), a piped regional water system currently services the majority of the Hamlet of Glenn Williams. No expansions of the water service are permitted without approval and all new development shall be serviced by piped regional water. The primary method of wastewater servicing for new development within the Hamlet shall be piped regional wastewater services, with connection to the Georgetown Wastewater Treatment Plant. Storm sewers were noted to exist on Bishop Ct., located northwest of the Site. Roadway ditching was observed on Confederation Street at the Site, storm sewers were not observed on Confederation St. near the Site.

# **13.0.** CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This report was prepared by SIRATI in support of proposed residential development at 159 Confederation Street, Halton Hills, Ontario (the Site). Based on the hydrogeological investigation conducted on the subject Property, the following conclusions are presented:

- The Site is situated within the Sixteen Mile Creek-Credit River Tertiary Watershed, Credit River West Branch Credit River Quaternary Watershed. The Credit River is located between +/- 35 m east to +/- 200 m east of the east property boundary of the Site. Based on the available mapping, two (2) tributaries of the Credit River flow from west to east across the Site.
- The Site is located within the or bordering the Horseshoe Moraines physiographic region and Peel Plains physiographic region. Physiographic mapping shows the Site to be within Spillways physiography. The Site is covered by Glaciofluvial deposits consisting of river deposits and delts topset facies, gravelly deposits. The overburden/drift thickness around the Site is generally 8 to 15 m. The Site is underlain by the Queenston formation, limestone, shale, siltstone and sandstone.
- The soil stratigraphy as recorded from the advanced boreholes completed by SIRATI, generally consisted of a thin topsoil deposit with a thickness of 150 mm to 200mm. A layer of fill soil material extending to a depth of 0.8 m to 1.0 m below the ground surface was encountered. Cohesionless soils consisting of gravel deposits, sand deposits and silty sand glacial till deposits extended from the fill base levels to the borehole termination depths. No bedrock was encountered at the maximum explored depth of 10.8 mbgs.
- The static groundwater levels measured in the monitoring wells across the Site ranged from 1.44 mbgs at BH/MW-03 to 8.43 mbgs at BH/MW-04, while groundwater elevations ranged from 240.67 mAMSL at BH/MW-04 to 253.66 mAMSL at BH/MW-02 between December 12, 2023, to March 01, 2024. Inferred groundwater flow direction is to the east, southeast.
- The hydraulic conductivity of the screened soils is estimated to be 1.942 x 10<sup>-6</sup> m/s (geometric mean).
- Based on the available information, the temporary construction dewatering rate for the development will be anticipated at 31,590 L/day, and the stormwater volume estimate would be approximately 107,110 L/day for a total of 138,700 L/day. Therefore, a PTTW is not considered to be required for the short-term dewatering. However, an EASR registration is required for temporary construction dewatering (pending final design of the development Site).
- Positive dewatering such as well points or educators will be required prior to any excavations in the soils below the groundwater table. A contractor specializing in dewatering should be retained to design the dewatering systems. The groundwater table must be lowered to at least 1.0 m below

the lowest excavation level, prior to bulk excavation. Limited temporary dewatering above the groundwater table (and above target dewatering levels) may be completed using sump pumps.

- Using Dupuit's equation for unconfined aquifers (based on available information and Preliminary design assumptions), long-term dewatering may not be required.
- The maximum estimated zone of influence from the edge of the excavation due to the dewatering is anticipated. Ground settlement/subsidence should be considered on the existing buildings and/or underground structures (sewer pipes) adjacent to the Site. It would be prudent to conduct a monitoring program prior to and during construction dewatering and assess any settlement effects on the existing buildings and structures due to the proposed development.
- Please contact SIRATI for re-evaluation of the construction dewatering analyses and long-term dewatering once a site design is Finalized (final site grades, finalized basement floor slab elevations, finalized foundation elevations, storm and septic sewer design).
- Based on the groundwater quality assessment, the groundwater taken from the site may meet the criteria for Halton Sewer Use By-Law Guidelines after proper filtration and treatment for E.coli. Therefore, the water generated during construction could be discharged into local sanitary sewer system after proper filtration/treatment. Otherwise, the groundwater can be discharged into the Municipal storm sewer upon meeting the applicable water quality guidelines. However, a discharge permit or agreement shall be obtained from Halton Region prior to discharge.
- Based on the preliminary water balance assessment, an infiltration deficit will be anticipated in an amount of 7,929 m<sup>3</sup>/year due to the development of the Site. A total amount of 14,404 m<sup>3</sup>/year of roof water is anticipated to be available from the roofs of the buildings, which is sufficient to compensate for the infiltration deficit.
- The Site is not located in WHPA areas. It is recommended that infiltration facilities or low-impact development (LID) measures would be incorporated into the design. It should be noted that selection and design of the LID methods should be carried out by the project engineer. If required, SIRATI can conduct in-situ infiltration tests to assess the soil infiltration capacity.
- Existing test wells and domestic type, metal cased potable groundwater wells (if identified at the Site) are recommended to be decommissioned in accordance with O.Reg. 903 and local Municipal guidelines.
- The design and installation of a construction dewatering system is usually the responsibility of the construction contractor. The contractor should verify the information presented in this report. This may be done by examining the groundwater conditions in test pits or by a full-range pumping test carried out by the dewatering subcontractor.

- During the period of active dewatering, water levels should be monitored within the excavation footprints and around the perimeter of the excavation to confirm the zone of influence from dewatering area. In addition, the discharge quality should be monitored according to the permit or agreement if the local sewer systems are to be used. All water taking and discharge would be recorded and maintained.
- Design of a dewatering system is generally the responsibility of the Contractor. To this end, appropriate measures should be taken during construction to deal with surface water and groundwater infiltration into excavation to enable construction. Around the perimeter of the excavation, an inceptor perimeter trench should be constructed to prevent surface water ingress entering the excavation areas. Any implemented dewatering system much also include appropriate filtration mechanisms to prevent the pumping of fines and loss of ground.
- Please contact SIRATI if you require a door-to-door well survey for the proposed development.

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Bedrock Geology; Ontario Ministry of Northern Development, Mines and Forestry; <a href="http://www.mndmf.gov.on.ca/mines/ogs\_earth\_e.asp">http://www.mndmf.gov.on.ca/mines/ogs\_earth\_e.asp</a>; 2010

The Regional Municipality of Halton By-Law No. 2-03

Topographic map generator (<u>https://atlas.gc.ca</u>)

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Credit Valley Conservation (Web Mapping, https://cvc.ca/regulation-mapping/).

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Town of Halton Hills Official Plan, Secondary Plans; Hamlet of Glenn Williams Secondary Plan (December 31, 2020).

### 15.0. LIMITATIONS AND USE OF THE REPORT

This report was produced by SIRATI for the sole use of the Client for the Site and may not be relied upon by any other person or entity without the written authorization of SIRATI. The conclusions presented in this report are professional opinions based on the historical and current records search, visual observations and limited information provided by persons knowledgeable about past and current activities on this site. As such, SIRATI cannot be held responsible for environmental conditions at the Property that was not apparent from the available information. No investigation method can completely eliminate the possibility of obtaining partially imprecise or incomplete information; it can only reduce the possibility to an acceptable level.

Professional judgement was exercised in gathering and analyzing data and formulation of recommendations using current industry guidelines and standards. Similar to all professional persons rendering advice, SIRATI cannot act as absolute insurer of the conclusion we have reached. No additional warranty or representation, expressed or implied, is included or intended in this report other than stated herein the report.

The assessment should not be considered a comprehensive audit that eliminates all risks of encountering environmental problems. The information presented herein this report is primarily based on information collected during the hydrogeological study based on the condition of the Property at the time of site inspection/drilling followed by a review of historical data, as appended to this report.

In assessing the environmental setting of the Property, SIRATI has solely relied upon information supplied by others in good faith and has therefore assumed that the information supplied is factual and accurate. We accept no responsibility for any inaccurate information, misrepresentation or for any deficiency of the information supplied by any third party.

The scope of services performed in the execution of this investigation may not be appropriate to satisfy third parties. SIRATI accepts no responsibility for damages if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or action taken based on this report. Any use, copying or distribution of the report in whole or in part is not permitted without the express written permission of SIRATI and use of findings, conclusions and recommendations represented in this report, is at the sole risk of third parties.

In the event that during future work new information regarding the environmental condition of the Property is encountered, or in the event that the outstanding responses from the regulatory agencies indicate outstanding issues on file with respect to the Property, SIRATI should be notified in order that we may re-evaluate the findings of this assessment and provide amendments, as required.

Project: SP23-01265-00 Weston Consulting Final - Hydrogeology Investigation Report, 159 Confederation Street, Town of Halton Hills, Ontario

### 16.0. SIGNATURES

Should you have any questions regarding the information presented or limitation set in this report, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Yours truly,

Sirati and Partners Consultants Ltd.

Prepared by: Hiva Elhami, M.Sc., G.I.T. Hydrogeologist

Reviewed by:

Behzad Mehrgini, Ph.D. Geotechnical Designer

For Behzed. Aug. 26,2024

Approved by:

Praharsh Dhyani, M.Sc., P.Geo Hydrogeology & Environmental Division Lead

Aug. 26,2024.
# FIGURES & PARTNERS **SIRA**1 Geotechnical Hydrogeological & Environmental Solutions



# SIRATI & PARTNERS

160 Konrad Crescent Markham, ON. L3R 9T9 Phone# 905 940 1582, Fax# 905 940 2440



#### Legend:

Approximate Property Boundary

#### Project Title:

Hydrogeological Investigations

#### Site Location:

159 Confederation Street, Halton Hills, ON.

#### Figure Title:

Site Location Plan

Scale:	Project Number:									
As Shown	SP23-01265-00									
Date:	Figure Number:									
January, 2024	1									



# & PARTNERS 2

160 Konrad Crescent Markham, ON. L3R 9T9 Phone# 905 940 1582, Fax# 905 940 2440



#### Legend:

Approximate Property Boundary



Borehole/ monitoring Well

#### Project Title:

Hydrogeological Investigations

#### Site Location:

159 Confederation Street, Halton Hills, ON.

#### Figure Title:

Borehole/Monitoring Well Location Plan

Scale:	Project Number:										
As Shown	SP23-01265-00										
Date:	Figure Number:										
February, 2024	2										





West Humber	SIRAT I60 Konr Markham, Phone# 905 940 153 North:	& PARTNERS ad Crescent ON. L3R 9T9 82, Fax# 905 940 2440
to are on		
Ym PV	Legend:	
Etobicoke C	Assessment Parcel	
K YNX ON	Secondary Watershe	d
25 X A 2- Will	Quaternary Watershe Great Lakes - St. Law	id irrence Basin
A LOV	Hudson - James Bay Nelson River Basin	Basin
3/16	Hydrometric Monitoria     Diversions	ng Station
EVA4 Son X	Y Waterbody Outlet Conservation Authorit	ty Dam
90 94	Federal Dam     GOO Dam	
17 5 14	Other Dam     Virtual Flow Segment	
C C Co	Land Cover Compilation	
Bram	Other Cloud/Shadow	
	Clear Open Water Turbid Water	
CAXXX	Shoreline Mudtats	
6 6	Swamp	
na On S	Bog Heath	
DON X MA I	Sparse Treed Treed Upland	
Plan	Deciduous Treed Mixed Treed	
XXXX	Coniferous Treed Plantations - Treed C	ultivated
7 Cm KLX	Hedge Rows Disturbance	
XYMANXX	Open Cliff and Talus Alvar	
Creek - Cred	Sand Barren and Dur Open Taligrass Prairie	10 2
CICCR CICU	Tailgrass Savannah Tailgrass Woodland Sand/Grave/Mine	
1 - MX	Tailings/Extraction Bedrock Community/Infrastrue	ture
S Jobs	Agriculture and Undiff Rural Land Use	krentiated
Inall	Project Title:	
1 1 C	Hydrogeological	Investigations
West la		
X 29 SM	SITE LOCATION:	on Street
15 0,0	Halton Hills, C	Intario
- OFIG	Figure Title	
wrence River	Watershed M	lap
io and Niagara River	Watershed N	
Credit River	Scale:	Project Number
	As Shown	r roject number.
anch - Credit River		SP23-01265-00
2.66 5.3	Date:	Figure Number:
	January, 2024	4





Original: Source Protection Information Atlas Source: https://www.ontario.ca/page/source-protection

Geotechnical Hydrogeological & Environmental Solutions 12/00- Keele Street King City, ON. L7B 1H5 Phone# 905 833 1582, Fax# 905 833 5360
North:
Legend:
Legend Issue Contributing Areas WHPA-E Wellhead Protection Area A B C C C1 D F Intake Protection Zone 1 Event Based Areas Intake Protection Zone 2 Source Protection Areas
Project Title: Hydrogeological Investigation Site Location:
Figure Title: MECP Source Water Protection Mapping Scale: As Shown
Date:Figure NumberJanuary 20246



Source: Ontario Geological Survey (OGS) Google Earth





Source: Ontario Geological Survey (OGS) Google Earth

### **PARTNERS** SIRA 160 Konrad Crescent

Markham, ON. L3R 9T9 Phone# 905 940 1582, Fax# 905 940 2440



#### Legend:



Approximate Property Boundary Glaciofluvial deposits: river deposits and delta topset facies 7a Sandy deposits 7b Gravelly deposits Ice-contact stratified deposits: sand and gravel, minor silt, clay and till 6a In moraines, eskers, kames and crevasse fills 6b In subaquatic fans 5a Till: Silty sand to sand-textured till on Precambrian 5a Silty sand to sand-textured till on Precambrian 5b Stone-poor, sandy silt to silty sand-textured till on Paleozoic terrain 5c Stony, sandy silt to silty sand-textured till on Paleozoic terrain 5d Clay to silt-textured till (derived from glaciolacustrine deposits or shale) 5e Undifferentiated older tills, may include stratified eposits PALEOZOIC Bedrock-drift complex in Paleozoic terrain: 4a Primarily till cover 4b Primarily stratified drift cover Paleozoic bedrock Man-made deposits: fill, sewage lagoon, landfill, urban development Organic Deposits: peat, muck, marl Modern alluvial deposits: clay, silt, sand, gravel, may contain organic remains Colluvial deposits: boulders, scree, talus, undifferentiated landslide materials 17 Eolian deposits: fine to very fine sand and silt 16 Coarse-textured marine deposits: sand, gravel, minor silt and clay 16a Deltaic deposits

#### **Project Title:**

#### Phase One Environmental Site Assessment

Site Location: 159 Confederation Street, Halton Hills, Ontario Figure Title: Clay to silt-textured till (derived Surficial Geology Map from glaciolacustrine deposits or Scale: Project Number: As Shown SP23-01265-00 Figure Number: Date:

1000

**–** m

December, 2023

8







# & PARTNERS SIRA

160 Konrad Crescent Markham, ON. L3R 9T9 Phone# 905 940 1582, Fax# 905 940 2440



#### Legend:



Approximate Property Boundary

Monitoring well

Contour Line

Inferred Shallow Groundwater Flow Direction

Note: Groundwater Elevation were obtained on January 22, 2024

#### Project Title:

Hydrogeological Investigation

#### Site Location:

159 Confederation Street, Halton Hills, ON.

#### Figure Title:

Inferred Shallow Groundwater Flow Direction Map

Scale:	Project Number:
As Shown	SP23-01265-00
Date:	Figure Number:
	<b>3</b>



SIRATI 160 Konr Markham, Phone# 905 940 15	& PARTNERS ad Crescent ON. L3R 9T9 82, Fax# 905 940 2440
 Legend:	
Approx	mate Property Boundary
Topsoil Fill Sand & Gra Silty Sand T Sandy Silt Sand Sand & Silt Sand & Silt	vel Till ole / Well ID Level Screen
 Note: Groundwater Ele on January	evation were obtained / 22, 2024
Project Title:	· · ·
Hydrogeological	Investigations
Site Location: 159 Confederation Stre ON.	et, Halton Hills,
 Figure Title:	
Geologic Cros	ss Section A - A'
Scale:	Project Number:
N.1.0	SP23-01265-00
Date: February, 2024	Figure Number: 12

# APPENDICES



Geotechnical Hydrogeological & Environmental Solutions

# APPENDIX A



Geotechnical Hydrogeological & Environmental Solutions



E PIN AREA (	(sq.m.) I REQUIRE THIS PLAN TO BE	PLAN 20R-
120	B86± LAND TITLES ACT.	RECEIVED AND DEPOSITED
ALL OF PIN 25011-0064 (LT) 98	0 DATE	DATE
78 N INST. No.'s 242783 AND 7011 N INST. No. 701169.	THOMAS J. SALB ONTARIO LAND SURVEYOR	REPRESENTATIVE FOR THE LAND REGISTRAR FOR THE LAND TITLES DIVISION OF HALTON (No. 20)
PLAN 1555	PLAN OF SURVEY OF PART OF LOT 20 REGISTRAR'S CON NO. 15555 FORMALLY PART OF WE LOT 22, CONCESSION 1 GEOGRAPHIC TOWNSHIP OF IN THE TOWN OF HALTO REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY SCALE 1 : 1000 20 20 J.D. BARNES LIMITED METRIC DISTANCES AND/OR COOL	6 MPILED PLAN ST HALF OF SQUESING ON HILLS OF HALTON
-             -	NOTES         BEARINGS ARE UTM GRID, DERIVED FR         BY REAL TIME NETWORK (RTN) OBSER         (2010.0).         FOR BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTAT         APPLIED TO BEARINGS ON PLAN 20R-         FOR BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTAT         APPLIED TO BEARINGS ON PLAN 20R-         FOR BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTAT         APPLIED TO BEARINGS ON PLAN 20R-         FOR BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTAT         TO BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTAT         FOR BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTAT         FOR BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTAT         FOR BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTAT         TO BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTAT         FOR BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTAT         TO BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTAT         FOR BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTAT         FOR BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTAT         FOR BEARING COMPARISONS, A ROTAT         OBSERVED REFERENCE POINTS (ORP         COORDINATES TO URBAN ACCURACY         POINT ID	ROM OBSERVED REFERENCE POINTS A AND B, RVATIONS, UTM ZONE 17, NAD83 (CSRS) TION OF 00°40'15" COUNTER-CLOCKWISE WAS •8779. TION OF 00°45'35" COUNTER-CLOCKWISE WAS •9284 AND 20R-6532. TION OF 00°45'50" CLOCKWISE WAS APPLIED D 20R-10733. TION OF 00°44'45" COUNTER-CLOCKWISE WAS TION OF 00°40'20" CLOCKWISE WAS APPLIED RATION DATA (s): UTM ZONE 17, NAD83 (CSRS) (2010.0). (7 PER SECTION 14 (2) OF 0.REG 216/10. G NORTHING
3	ORP A 585 766.7 ORP B 586 020.1 ORP C 586 123.7 COORDINATES CANNOT, IN THEMSELY CORNERS OR BOUNDARIES SHOWN C DISTANCES ARE GROUND AND CAN BE THE COMBINED SCALE FACTOR OF 0.9	'9         4         836         310.82           5         4         836         055.88           6         4         836         469.33           VES, BE USED TO RE-ESTABLISH ON THIS PLAN.         Second Seco
NT DRIVE ered plan 510)	LEGEND ■ DENOTES SURVEY MONUMEN □ DENOTES SURVEY MONUMEN SIB DENOTES STANDARD IRON B SSIB DENOTES SHORT STANDARD RIB DENOTES ROUND IRON BAR IP DENOTES IRON BAR IP DENOTES IRON PIPE WIT DENOTES WITNESS MEAS DENOTES MEASURED JDB DENOTES J.D. BARNES LIMITI 375 DENOTES BLACK, SHOEMAKE 752 DENOTES W.H. CARR, O.LS. 1254 DENOTES JOSEPH STEL, O.L. 1521 DENOTES DOLLIVER SURVEYI OU DENOTES DOLLIVER SURVEYI OU DENOTES PLAN 20R-8779 P2 DENOTES PLAN 20R-8779 P2 DENOTES PLAN 20R-10733 P3 DENOTES PLAN 20R-10733 P5 DENOTES PLAN 20R-11716 HP DENOTES PLAN 20R-11716 HP DENOTES PLAN 20R-11716 HP DENOTES POST & WIRE FENO S.T. R.O.W. DENOTES SUBJECT T	T FOUND T SET AR IRON BAR ED R, ROBINSON & DONALDSON LIMITED IITED S. NG INC. 20M-765 PROPERTY REPORT BY DOLLIVER SURVEYING ING 11, 2011 510 PER 242783 SER 415702 PROPERTY REPORT BY R.E. CHIPSHAM, O.L.S. 1990 CE O A RIGHT OF WAY

ALL SET SSIB AND PB MONUMENTS WERE USED DUE TO LACK OF OVERBURDEN AND/OR PROXIMITY OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 11 (4) OF O.REG. 525/91.

#### SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATE | CERTIFY THAT:

1. THIS SURVEY AND PLAN ARE CORRECT AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SURVEYS ACT, THE SURVEYORS ACT AND THE LAND TITLES ACT AND THE REGULATIONS MADE UNDER THEM.

2. THE SURVEY WAS COMPLETED ON THE 28th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 2023.

DATE		 01	THOMAS NTARIO LANI	J. SALB D SURVE	YOR
	<b>J.D.E</b> LAND INFOR 401 WHEELABRATOF : (905) 875-9955	<b>BAI</b> MATION RWAY, SUITE F: (905) 875-	<b>RNE</b> LIM NSPECIAL SA, MILTON, ON -9956 WW	L S I S T S L9T 3C1 w.jdbarnes.	SURVEYING MAPPING GIS COM
DRAWN BY: AP&MD	CHECKED BY:		REFERENCE N	0.: 14-3	0-651-00-A
FILE: G: \14-30-651 \03 \D	awing\14-30-651-0	3-a.dgn	DATED: OCT	OBER 31,	2023
			PLOTTED:	OCTOB	ER 31, 2023



File:D:\RN 2023 Projects\23020\2 - Site Planning\1 - Architectural (RN)\1 - Site Plan\1 - Site Plan SP100\23020-SP100.dwg Plotted: Oct 27, 2023 By:RaviP

THESE DRAWINGS AR ALL DIMENSIONS MUST BE VERI COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WO REPORTED DIRECTLY T	E NOT TO BE SCALED: FIED BY CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO RK. ANY DISCREPANCIES MUST BE O SRN ARCHITECTS INC.
PROJECT CONSULTANTS:	
LEGEND	
FSE       FINISHED SECOND FLOOR ELEVATION         FFF       FINISHED FLOOR ELEVATION         TFW       TOP OF FOUNDATION WALL         TBS       TOP OF FOUNDATION WALL         TBS       TOP OF ASEMENT SLAB         USF       UNDER SIDE FOOTING         USFG       UNDER SIDE FOOTING @ GARAGE         R       NUMBER OF RISERS TO GRADE         WOD       WALKOUT DECK         LOB       LOOKOUT BASEMENT         WUB       WALK OUT BASEMENT         WUB       WALK OUT BASEMENT         WUB       WALK UP BASEMENT         WUB       STANDARD PLAN         △       DOOR         ○       WINDOW         ▲       BELL PEDESTAL         □       CABLE PEDESTAL         □       CABLE PEDESTAL         □       CATCH BASIN         ▲       DBL. CATCH BASIN         ▲       HYDRO CONNECTION         ♦       FIREH LYDRANT         \$31       STREET LIGHT         ▲       MAIL BOX         ▼       REWER CONNECTIONS [2 LOTS)         ↓       AIR CONDITIONING	<ul> <li>WATER CONNECTION             <ul> <li>WATER VALVE</li></ul></li></ul>
SWALE DIRECTION SWMP PUMP	POOLING COMMENTS     PROFINE PROFILE PARTIES     PROFILE PROFILE PARTIES     PROFILE     PROF
WWW DESIGN	W.RNDESIGN.COM T:905-738-3177 /.THEPLUSGROUP.CA
CLIENT	ΟΑΚ
PROJECT/LOCATION BAYI GEORG DRAWING	-IELD ;etown
CONCE	EPT PLAN
DATE 27-SEP-2023 DRAWN BY RP	I:750 CHECKED BY RN
PROJECT NUMBER	drawing number

# APPENDIX B



Geotechnical Hydrogeological & Environmental Solutions

PROJ	ECT: Geotechnical and Hydrogeologica	l Inve	estiga	ations a	and Ex	cess S	oil	DRILI	LING [	DATA										
CLIEN	IT: Eden Oak		Method: Solid Stem Auger																	
PROJ	ECT LOCATION: 159 Confederation St		Diameter: 150 mm REF. NO.: SP23-01							01265-00										
DATU	IM: Geodetic							Date: Dec-01-2023 ENCL NO.: 2					0.: 2							
BH LC	DCATION: N 4836219 E 586124																			
	SOIL PROFILE		s	AMPL	.ES	~		DYNAI RESIS	MIC CO TANCE	NE PEN PLOT		ION			_ NATL	JRAL		F	REMARKS	
(m)		5				ATEF		2	0 4	0 6	0 8	0 10	00	LIMIT	CON	TURE	LIMIT	PEN.	ر» INIT (	
ELEV	DESCRIPTION	PL0	r		3 m		NO	SHEA	R STI	RENG	TH (kF	Pa)		W <sub>P</sub>	v c	v >	WL	u) (kP	RAL U KN/m	DISTRIBUTIO
DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	RATA	ABEI	ш	BLO		VAT			INED RIAXIAI	+	& Sensiti		WAT	ER CO		F (%)	90 00	NATU)	(%)
254.2		STF	Ň	ΤΥΡ	ż	GR	E	2	0 4	0 6	0 8	0 10	00	1	0 2	0 3	0		-	GR SA SI (
250.0	_ TOPSOIL: 150 mm thick	XX					254	-								-				
0.2	FILL: silty sand, trace cobbles, trace gravel, trace organics, brown,	$\mathbb{X}$		55	4			-								0				
253.5 0.8	very moist, loose	$\sum_{o}$						-												
1 0.0	trace cobbles, trace clay, brown,	0	2	SS	25		252							0						39 39 18
	moist, compact	0.					253	-												
		0.0	3	SS	23			E						0						
2		0	-																	
	dense	o					252	-												
		0	4	SS	34			Ē						0						
						<b> </b> :  :		È												
		0	5	SS	30		251							0						
		. 0	$\vdash$					F												
		0						-												
		0					250	-												
249.6								-												
4.6	SANDY SILT: trace to some clay, trace gravel brown moist very		6	SS	50/	┃目		-						0						
	dense		<u> </u>		1501111		240													
			·				249	-												
						!:目:		E.												
								F												
247.8	grey, very moist		7	SS	50/		W. L. 2 Dec 12	248.1 r 2023	n						0					
6.4	END OF BOREHOLE:					1		, 2020	ĺ											
	1. Borehole was open and dry upon completion of drilling.         2. Nested monitoring well was installed (Deep well).         3. Monitoring well observations for long-term stabilized groundwater levels:         Date       Depth (mbgs)         Dec 12, 2023       6.07m																			

SIRATI & PARTNERS

#### LOG OF BOREHOLE BH/MW 01

1 OF 1

 $\begin{array}{c} \underline{\text{GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS}} \\ \text{Measurement} \quad \stackrel{1\text{st}}{\underline{\nabla}} \quad \stackrel{2\text{nd}}{\underline{\Psi}} \quad \stackrel{3\text{rd}}{\underline{\Psi}} \quad \stackrel{4\text{th}}{\underline{\Psi}} \end{array}$ 

 $\frac{\text{GRAPH}}{\text{NOTES}} + {}^3, \times {}^3: \begin{array}{c} \text{Numbers refer} \\ \text{to Sensitivity} \end{array}$ 

O <sup>8=3%</sup> Strain at Failure

PROJ	ECT: Geotechnical and Hydrogeological	DRILLING DATA																				
CLIEN	IT: Eden Oak	Method: Solid Stem Auger																				
PROJ	ECT LOCATION: 159 Confederation Str	reet,	Tow	n of Ha	alton Hi	lls		Diameter: 150 mm						REF. NO.: SP23-01265-00								
BHIC		Date: Dec-04-2023 ENCL NO.:						J.: 3	5													
DITEC	SOIL PROFILE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT						NATI					DEMADK									
(m)		F				ATER S		2	20 4	0 6	50 8	0 10	00	PLASTI LIMIT	C MOIS	TURE	LIQUID LIMIT	PEN. a)	NIT WT	AND		
ELEV		A PLO	к		3 m	⊿W D	NOI	SHEA	AR STI	RENG	TH (kF	Pa)		W <sub>P</sub>	v (	v >	WL	CKET F Su) (kPa	RAL UI (kN/m <sup>3</sup> .	GRAIN SIZ	E ON	
DEPTH		RAT/	JMBE	Ц	.0.		EVAT	0 UI • QI	NCONF UICK TF	ined Riaxial	+ . ×	& Sensiti LAB VA	Vity	WA	TER CC	NTENT	(%)	0 0 0	NATU	(%)		
257.0		ST	٦٢	₽	N.	50	<u> </u>	2	20 4	0 6	8 0	0 10	00	1	0 2	0 3	0			GR SA SI	CL	
0.0	trace silt, trace rootlets, brown,	$\bigotimes$	1	SS	9									0								
256.2	moist, loose	$\boxtimes$																				
0.8	SAND AND GRAVEL: trace to some silt, trace cobbles, trace clay,	0	2	SS	31		256							•								
-	brown, moist, dense	0			50/			-														
-	very dense	0	3	SS	50/ 100mŋ									0								
- <u>-</u> 254.7		D.					255	-														
- 2.3	SILTY SAND TILL: trace cobbles, trace gravel, brown, moist, very	161	4	SS	50/ 140mn			-						0								
	dense						054	-														
-			5	SS /	50/		204							0								
-					<sup>worrin</sup> i																	
- 4							253	-														
		'				$\bigtriangledown$																
-252.4	SAND AND SILT TILL:trace	0	6	SS	50/	-	W. L. 2 Dec 12	252.6 1	m 3					0						3 41 50	6	
5	cobbles, trace gravel, trace clay, brown, moist, very dense		-		1 <u>30m</u> r		252	., 2020	<u> </u>												-	
	, , <b>,</b>																					
-																						
-		<b>0</b>			50/		251	-														
-			7	SS	50/ 140mm									0								
-		. 0  .  0																				
7							250															
-								-														
			8	SS	50/									0								
-							249															
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-																						
-	very moist	o	9	SS	50/		248								0							
-					1 <u>40mr</u> f			-														
247.1			10	SS	50/	1998 1998	4	-						0						9 41 46	4	
9.9					1 <sub>0</sub> 0mm	1																
	completion of drilling.																					
	2. Groundwater was encountered at 9.1 mbgs upon completion of																					
	drilling. 3. Nested monitoring well was																					
	installed (Deep well). 4. Monitoring well observations for																					
	long-term stabilized groundwater																					
	Date Depth (mbgs)																					
	Dec 12, 2023 4.43m																					

LOG OF BOREHOLE BH/MW 02

1 OF 1

SPCL SOIL LOG /DRAFT SP23-01265-00.GPJ SPCL.GDT 23-12-13

SIRATI & PARTNERS

 $\begin{array}{c} \underline{\text{GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS}} \\ \text{Measurement} \quad \stackrel{\text{1st}}{\underline{\checkmark}} \quad \stackrel{\text{2nd}}{\underline{\checkmark}} \quad \stackrel{\text{3rd}}{\underline{\checkmark}} \quad \stackrel{\text{4th}}{\underline{\checkmark}} \end{array}$ 

O <sup>8=3%</sup> Strain at Failure

JINA				l	LOG	OF E	ORE	HOL	E Bl	H/MV	V 03										I OF	- 1
PROJ CLIEN PROJ DATU BH LC	ECT: Geotechnical and Hydrogeologica IT: Eden Oak ECT LOCATION: 159 Confederation St M: Geodetic DCATION: N 4836294 E 585981	I Inve	estiga Towr	ations a	and Ex	ccess S	oil	DRILI Metho Diamo Date:	LING I od: Sol eter: 1 Dec-0	DATA id Ster 50 mm 04-202	m Aug 1 3	er				RE	EF. NC	0.: S 0.: 4	P23-(	)1265	-00	
	SOIL PROFILE		s	SAMPL	ES			DYNA	MIC CO			TION			NAT					DE		
(m) ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	NUMBER	ТҮРЕ	"N" <u>BLOWS</u> 0.3 m	GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION	2 SHEA 0 UI • QI 2	AR STI NCONF JICK TF	0 6 RENG INED RIAXIAL 0 6	0 8 TH (kł + 0 8	Pa) FIELD V & Sensit LAB V/	00 I ANE ivity ANE 00	PLASTIC LIMIT W <sub>P</sub> WAT		URAL TURE TENT W D D DNTENT	LIQUID LIMIT W <sub>L</sub> (%)	POCKET PEN. (Cu) (kPa)	NATURAL UNIT WT (kN/m <sup>3</sup> )	GR S	MARK AND AN SIZ RIBUTI (%) A SI	
0.0	<b>POSSIBLE FILL:</b> gravelly sand, trace silt, trace rootlets, trace wood fragments, brown, moist, loose	$\bigotimes$	1	SS	7		253							•						-		
252.6 0.8	SAND AND GRAVEL: trace to some silt, trace cobbles, trace clay, brown, moist, dense	0 0	2	SS	40		252	- - - - - - -						0				-				
- <u>2</u> - 251.0		0. 0	3	SS	46		251	-						0				-				
<u>2.3</u> <u>250.3</u> 3.1	trace gravel, trace clay, brown, moist, dense SAND AND SILT TILL: trace		4	SS	31		W. L. 2 Dec 12	250.9 i 2, 2023  -  -  -	m 3 						0					8 5	9 30	3
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	gravel, trace clay, reddish brown, very moist, compact	•	5	SS	18		250								0							
	very dense	0	6	SS	50/ 1 <u>00m</u> ŋ		249	- - - - - - - -						0								
<u>-</u> - <u>6</u> - 247.1		0			50/		240	- - - - - -						C	)							
0.2	<ol> <li>END OF BOREHOLE:</li> <li>Borehole was open upon completion of drilling.</li> <li>Groundwater was encountered at 3.0 mbgs upon completion of drilling.</li> <li>Nested monitoring well was installed (Deep well).</li> <li>Monitoring well observations for long-term stabilized groundwater levels:</li> <li>Date Depth (mbgs) Dec 12, 2023 2.44m</li> </ol>				1 <u>40m</u> r																	

SIRATI & PARTNERS

JINAII				I	LOG	OF	BORE	HOL	E B	H/MV	V 04									1 OF 1
PROJEC	T: Geotechnical and Hydrogeologica	ıl Inve	estiga	ations	and Ex	cess	Soil	DRIL	LING	DATA										
CLIENT:	Eden Oak		Ū					Metho	od: So	lid Ster	n Aug	er								
PROJEC	T LOCATION: 159 Confederation St	reet.	Towr	n of Ha	alton H	ills		Diam	eter: 1	50 mm						RI	F NC	) · s∣	P23-	01265-00
DATUM	Geodetic	,						Date:	Dec-	01-202	3					FI		∩ · 5		
BHLOCA	ATION: N 4836331 E 586190							Bato.	Dee	01 202	•							0 0		
DITLOOP					FS	1		DYNA		NE PEN	IETRA	TION		<u> </u>						
								RESIS	TANCE	PLOT	$\geq$			PLAST		URAL STURE	LIQUID	_	¥	REMARKS
(m)		Ы			0	ATE		2	20 4	0 6	0 8	30 1	00		CON	TENT	LIMIT W.	r PEN Pa)	UNIT UNIT	GRAIN SIZE
ELEV	DESCRIPTION	APL	Ř		3 m NO		É É	SHE			TH (kl	Pa) FIELD V	ANE	⊢ —		 o	——I	ы К К	JRAL (KN/n	DISTRIBUTION
DEPTH		ZAT.	MBE	Щ		NO N	A	• Q	UICK TI	RIAXIAL	×	& Sensit LAB V/	ivity ANE	WA	TER CO	ONTEN	T (%)	۳.	NATI	(%)
249.1		STI	Ρ	Σ	ŗ	R C		2	20 4	10 6	0 E	30 1	00	1	0 2	20 3	30			GR SA SI C
248.8	<b>TOPSOIL</b> : 200mm	<u>1,1,1,</u>		~~~	6			-								_				
- 0.2	cobbles, trace gravel, trace	$\otimes$	1	33	0			È												
c	organics, brown, very moist, loose	$\mathbb{X}$						E												
<u>248.0</u>	CANDY SILT: trace to some clay	KY	2	SS	23		248								0					
1.0 t	race gravel, brown, very moist,		-					Ę												
· c	compact							F												
2			. 3	SS	15			Ē							0					
-							247	-												
c	dense		1	99	30			E							0					
			-	- 33	50			Ē							Ŭ					
3			·				246	<u> </u>												
0	oxidated		5	SS	36		210	E								0				Non-plastic 7 33 52 8
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		[]]}						E												
							245	-												
244 5			1					Ē												
4.6 \$	SAND: trace to some silt, trace							Ē												
9	gravel, brown, moist, dense		6	SS	37		244	F						°						
			1				244	F												
								Ē												
								E												
<u>i</u>			L		50/		243	<u> </u>												
`	very dense		1 <u>~</u>		50/ 130mm			Ē												
			1					F												
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				66	95	1 目	÷.	F												
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			1			∷ 🖾		F									1			
			1			ド目	Dec 1	∠40.7 2, 2023	m 3								1			
						:E	:	É									1			
239.9	SANDY SILT: trace to some clay				50/	∣∶₿	. 240	Ē				1	1				-	1		
3.   t	race gravel, brown, very moist, very		9	SS	150mr	╽╡	:	E							0					
c	dense					1:目	:	F									1			
2			1			に目	230	E	L						L					
			1			[:目	·	Ē												
228 2			L				<u>.</u>	F									1			
10.8	eddish brown		10	<u> 55</u>	50/		34	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			1	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	-	<u> </u>		
E	END OF BOREHOLE:																			
1	1. Borehole was open upon																			
	completion of drilling. 2. Nested monitoring well was																			
ļ	nstalled (Deep well).																			
3	3. Monitoring well observations for ong-term stabilized groundwater		1														1			
	evels:		1														1			
[	Date Depth (mbgs)																			
"	JEU 12, 2023 0.32111																			
			1														1			
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1			1														1	1		



O <sup>8=3%</sup> Strain at Failure

# SIRATI & PARTNERS



#### **GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION**



UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

# APPENDIX C



Geotechnical Hydrogeological & Environmental Solutions







# APPENDIX D



Geotechnical Hydrogeological & Environmental Solutions



#### CLIENT NAME: SIRATI & PARTNERS CONSULTANTS LTD 160 KONRAD CRESCENT UNIT 4 MARKHAM, ON L3R 9T9 (905) 833-1582 ATTENTION TO: Hiva Elhami PROJECT: SP23-1265-00 AGAT WORK ORDER: 23T103703 MICROBIOLOGY ANALYSIS REVIEWED BY: Nivine Basily, Inorganic Team Lead TRACE ORGANICS REVIEWED BY: Oksana Gushyla, Trace Organics Lab Supervisor WATER ANALYSIS REVIEWED BY: Nivine Basily, Inorganic Team Lead DATE REPORTED: Dec 21, 2023 PAGES (INCLUDING COVER): 16 VERSION\*: 1

Should you require any information regarding this analysis please contact your client services representative at (905) 712-5100

\*Notes

Disclaimer:

- All work conducted herein has been done using accepted standard protocols, and generally accepted practices and methods. AGAT test methods may
  incorporate modifications from the specified reference methods to improve performance.
- All samples will be disposed of within 30 days after receipt unless a Long Term Storage Agreement is signed and returned. Some speciality analysis may be exempt, please contact your Client Project Manager for details.
- AGAT's liability in connection with any delay, performance or non-performance of these services is only to the Client and does not extend to any other third party. Unless expressly agreed otherwise in writing, AGAT's liability is limited to the actual cost of the specific analysis or analyses included in the services.
- This Certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory.
- The test results reported herewith relate only to the samples as received by the laboratory.
- Application of guidelines is provided "as is" without warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied, including, but not limited to, warranties of
  merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, or non-infringement. AGAT assumes no responsibility for any errors or omissions in the guidelines
  contained in this document.
- All reportable information as specified by ISO/IEC 17025:2017 is available from AGAT Laboratories upon request.
- For environmental samples in the Province of Quebec: The analysis is performed on and results apply to samples as received. A temperature above 6°C upon receipt, as indicated in the Sample Reception Notification (SRN), could indicate the integrity of the samples has been compromised if the delay between sampling and submission to the laboratory could not be minimized.

#### **AGAT** Laboratories (V1)

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Member of: Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of Alberta	
(APEGA)	
Western Enviro-Agricultural Laboratory Association (WEALA)	
Environmental Services Association of Alberta (ESAA)	

Page 1 of 16

AGAT Laboratories is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Inc. (CALA) and/or Standards Council of Canada (SCC) for specific tests listed on the scope of accreditation. AGAT Laboratories (Mississauga) is also accredited by the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Inc. (CALA) for specific drinking water tests. Accreditations are location and parameter specific. A complete listing of parameters for each location is available from www.cala.ca and/or www.scc.ca. The tests in this report may not necessarily be included in the scope of accreditation. Measurement Uncertainty is not taken into consideration when stating conformity with a specified requirement.



AGAT WORK ORDER: 23T103703 PROJECT: SP23-1265-00 5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

#### CLIENT NAME: SIRATI & PARTNERS CONSULTANTS LTD

SAMPLING SITE: 159 Confederation St., Halton

#### ATTENTION TO: Hiva Elhami

SAMPLED BY: Hiva Elhami

					E.Coli (MI	-Agar)
DATE RECEIVED: 2023-12-13						DATE REPORTED: 2023-12-21
	SA	MPLE DES	CRIPTION:	BH/MW-02	BH/MW-04	
	SAMPLE TYPE:					
		DATE SAMPLED:			2023-12-12 15:30	
Parameter	Unit	G/S	RDL	5542216	5542305	
Escherichia coli	CFU/100mL	200		0	900	

Comments: RDL - Reported Detection Limit; G / S - Guideline / Standard: Refers to Halton Storm Sewer

Guideline values are for general reference only. The guidelines provided may or may not be relevant for the intended use. Refer directly to the applicable standard for regulatory interpretation.

5542216-5542305 Escherichia coli RDL = 100 CFU/100mL.

RDL > 1 indicates dilutions of the sample.

The sample was diluted prior to filtration due to the presence of sediments.

Analysis performed at AGAT Toronto (unless marked by \*)





AGAT WORK ORDER: 23T103703 PROJECT: SP23-1265-00 5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

#### CLIENT NAME: SIRATI & PARTNERS CONSULTANTS LTD

SAMPLING SITE:159 Confederation St., Halton

#### ATTENTION TO: Hiva Elhami

SAMPLED BY: Hiva Elhami

Halton Sanitary and Combined Sewer Use By-law - Organics												
DATE RECEIVED: 2023-12-13					DATE REPORTED: 2023-12-21							
	5	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	BH/MW-02	BH/MW-04								
		SAMPLE TYPE:	Water	Water								
		DATE SAMPLED:	2023-12-12 13:30	2023-12-12 15:30								
Parameter	Unit	G/S RDL	5542216	5542305								
Oil and Grease (animal/vegetable) in water	mg/L	0.5	<0.5	<0.5								
Oil and Grease (mineral) in water	mg/L	0.5	<0.5	<0.5								
Methylene Chloride	mg/L	0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0003								
Chloroform	mg/L	0.0002	<0.0002	<0.0002								
Benzene	mg/L	0.0002	0.0005	<0.0002								
Trichloroethene	mg/L	0.0002	0.0024	0.0139								
Toluene	mg/L	0.0002	0.0006	<0.0002								
Tetrachloroethene	mg/L	0.010	<0.010	<0.010								
Ethylbenzene	mg/L	0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001								
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/L	0.0002	<0.0002	<0.0002								
Naphthalene	mg/L	0.0003	<0.0003	< 0.0003								
Surrogate	Unit	Acceptable Limits										
Toluene-d8	% Recovery	50-140	100	104								
4-Bromofluorobenzene	% Recovery	50-140	65	64								
Naphthalene-d8	%	50-140	68	84								

Comments: RDL - Reported Detection Limit; G / S - Guideline / Standard

5542216-5542305 Oil and Grease animal/vegetable is a calculated parameter. The calculated value is the difference between Total O&G and Mineral O&G.

Analysis performed at AGAT Toronto (unless marked by \*)

**Certified By:** 

teurs



AGAT WORK ORDER: 23T103703 PROJECT: SP23-1265-00 5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.aqatlabs.com

#### CLIENT NAME: SIRATI & PARTNERS CONSULTANTS LTD

SAMPLING SITE: 159 Confederation St., Halton

#### ATTENTION TO: Hiva Elhami

SAMPLED BY: Hiva Elhami

CBOD5											
DATE RECEIVED: 2023-12-13						DATE REPORTED: 2023-12-21					
	S	AMPLE DES	CRIPTION:	BH/MW-02	BH/MW-04						
		SAM	PLE TYPE:	Water	Water						
DATE SAMPLED:				2023-12-12 13:30	2023-12-12 15:30						
Parameter	Unit	G/S	RDL	5542216	5542305						
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, Carbonaceous	mg/L		6	<6	<6						

Comments: RDL - Reported Detection Limit; G / S - Guideline / Standard

5542216 RDL for BOD is raised due to insufficient DO depletion at selected dilution levels.

Analysis performed at AGAT Halifax (unless marked by \*)



**Certified By:** 



AGAT WORK ORDER: 23T103703 PROJECT: SP23-1265-00 5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

#### CLIENT NAME: SIRATI & PARTNERS CONSULTANTS LTD

SAMPLING SITE:159 Confederation St., Halton

#### ATTENTION TO: Hiva Elhami

SAMPLED BY: Hiva Elhami

Dissolved Metals in Water (mg/L)												
DATE RECEIVED: 2023-12-13					DATE REPORTED: 2023-12-21							
	S	AMPLE DESCRIPTION:	BH/MW-02	BH/MW-04								
		SAMPLE TYPE:	Water	Water								
		DATE SAMPLED:	2023-12-12 13:30	2023-12-12 15:30								
Parameter	Unit	G/S RDL	5542216	5542305								
Dissolved Aluminum	mg/L	0.007	0.013	0.008								
Dissolved Antimony	mg/L	0.001	<0.001	<0.001								
Dissolved Arsenic	mg/L	0.001	0.002	<0.001								
Dissolved Beryllium	mg/L	0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005								
Dissolved Cadmium	mg/L	0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001								
Dissolved Chromium	mg/L	0.002	<0.002	<0.002								
Dissolved Cobalt	mg/L	0.0008	<0.0008	<0.0008								
Dissolved Copper	mg/L	0.001	<0.001	0.002								
Dissolved Iron	mg/L	0.020	0.046	0.026								
Dissolved Lead	mg/L	0.0005	< 0.0005	<0.0005								
Dissolved Manganese	mg/L	0.002	0.049	0.113								
Dissolved Molybdenum	mg/L	0.002	0.009	<0.002								
Dissolved Nickel	mg/L	0.001	0.007	0.012								
Dissolved Selenium	mg/L	0.001	<0.001	0.003								
Dissolved Silver	mg/L	0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001								
Dissolved Tin	mg/L	0.002	<0.002	<0.002								
Dissolved Titanium	mg/L	0.003	<0.003	<0.003								
Dissolved Zinc	mg/L	0.005	<0.005	<0.005								

Comments: RDL - Reported Detection Limit; G / S - Guideline / Standard

5542216-5542305 Metals analysis completed on a filtered sample.

Analysis performed at AGAT Toronto (unless marked by \*)



**Certified By:** 



AGAT WORK ORDER: 23T103703 PROJECT: SP23-1265-00 5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.aqatlabs.com

#### CLIENT NAME: SIRATI & PARTNERS CONSULTANTS LTD

SAMPLING SITE: 159 Confederation St., Halton

#### ATTENTION TO: Hiva Elhami

SAMPLED BY:Hiva Elhami

#### Halton Sanitary and Combined Sewer Use By-law - Inorganics DATE RECEIVED: 2023-12-13 **DATE REPORTED: 2023-12-21** SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: BH/MW-02 BH/MW-04 SAMPLE TYPE: Water Water DATE SAMPLED: 2023-12-12 2023-12-12 15:30 13:30 Parameter Unit G/S RDL 5542216 RDL 5542305 NA 7.64 NA 7.67 рΗ pH Units 6.5-8.5 24300 10 5600 Total Suspended Solids mg/L 10 Fluoride 0.05 < 0.05 0.05 <0.05 mg/L Sulphate mg/L 0.10 28.2 0.10 18.9 Cyanide, SAD 0.002 0.003 0.002 0.006 mg/L Phenols 0.002 0.044 0.002 0.056 mg/L Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen mg/L 0.10 5.35 0.10 17.9 Total Phosphorus mg/L 0.02 0.04 0.02 0.06 Total Aluminum mg/L 0.50 230 0.50 267 Total Antimony 0.003 < 0.003 0.003 < 0.003 mg/L Total Arsenic mg/L 0.006 0.103 0.006 0.287 0.002 0.002 0.009 Total Beryllium mg/L 0.009 0.0002 0.0024 0.0002 0.0044 Total Cadmium mg/L Total Chromium mg/L 0.006 0.530 0.006 0.752 Total Cobalt mg/L 0.0010 0.224 0.0010 0.431 Total Copper 0.004 0.541 0.004 2.11 mg/L Total Iron mg/L 0.50 430 1.00 674 Total Lead 0.185 0.0010 0.373 mg/L 0.0010 Total Manganese mg/L 0.004 24.2 0.02 45.7 0.0002 0.0002 0.0002 < 0.0002 Total Mercury mg/L 0.004 0.020 Total Molybdenum mg/L 0.024 0.004 Total Nickel 0.006 0.547 0.006 0.806 mg/L Total Selenium mg/L 0.004 0.046 0.004 0.078 Total Silver mg/L 0.0002 0.0006 0.0002 0.0008 Total Tin mg/L 0.004 < 0.004 0.004 < 0.004 Total Titanium mg/L 0.10 2.74 0.020 1.65 0.040 0.991 1.90 Total Zinc mg/L 0.040



# Certified By:



AGAT WORK ORDER: 23T103703 PROJECT: SP23-1265-00 5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

CLIENT NAME: SIRATI & PARTNERS CONSULTANTS LTD

SAMPLING SITE: 159 Confederation St., Halton

ATTENTION TO: Hiva Elhami

SAMPLED BY: Hiva Elhami

Halton Sanitary and Combined Sewer Use By-law - Inorganics

DATE RECEIVED: 2023-12-13

DATE REPORTED: 2023-12-21

Comments: RDL - Reported Detection Limit; G / S - Guideline / Standard: Refers to Halton Storm Sewer

Guideline values are for general reference only. The guidelines provided may or may not be relevant for the intended use. Refer directly to the applicable standard for regulatory interpretation. 5542216-5542305 Dilution required, RDL has been increased accordingly.

Analysis performed at AGAT Toronto (unless marked by \*)



	<b>AGAT</b>	Laboratories	AGAT WORK ORDER: 23T103703 PROJECT: SP23-1265-00	Exceedance Summary AGAT WORK ORDER: 23T103703 PROJECT: SP23-1265-00					
CLIENT NAM	E: SIRATI & PARTNERS CO	NSULTANTS LTD		ATTENTION TO: Hiva B	Elhami		,aganazoroom		
SAMPLEID	SAMPLE TITLE	GUIDELINE	ANALYSIS PACKAGE	PARAMETER	UNIT	GUIDEVALUE	RESULT		
5542305	BH/MW-04	ON Halton SM	E.Coli (MI-Agar)	Escherichia coli	CFU/100m	L 200	900		


## Quality Assurance

CLIENT NAME: SIRATI & PARTNERS CONSULTANTS LTD

#### PROJECT: SP23-1265-00

SAMPLING SITE: 159 Confederation St., Halton

AGAT WORK ORDER: 23T103703

ATTENTION TO: Hiva Elhami

SAMPLED BY:Hiva Elhami

Microbiology Analysis															
RPT Date: Dec 21, 2023			C	DUPLICAT	E		REFEREN	NCE MA	TERIAL	METHOD	BLANK	SPIKE	MAT	RIX SPI	ΚE
PARAMETER	Batch	Sample	Dup #1	Dup #2	RPD	Method Blank	Measured	Acce Lin	ptable nits	Recoverv	Acce Lin	ptable nits	Recoverv	Accer Lim	otable nits
	Id					value	Lower	Upper		Lower	Upper		Lower	Uppe	
E.Coli (MI-Agar)															

Escherichia coli 5542216 5542216 0 0 NA

Comments: NA - % RPD Not Applicable.





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**AGAT** QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT (V1)



## Quality Assurance

CLIENT NAME: SIRATI & PARTNERS CONSULTANTS LTD

#### PROJECT: SP23-1265-00

#### SAMPLING SITE: 159 Confederation St., Halton

## AGAT WORK ORDER: 23T103703

ATTENTION TO: Hiva Elhami SAMPLED BY:Hiva Elhami

## **Trace Organics Analysis**

RPT Date: Dec 21, 2023			DUPLICATE			REFEREN		NCE MA	TERIAL	METHOD	BLANK	SPIKE	MAT	RIX SPI	ке
PARAMETER	Batch	Sample	Dup #1	Dup #2	RPD	Method Blank	Measured	Acce Lir	ptable nits	Recovery	Acce Lin	ptable nits	Recovery	Acceptable Limits	
		iù		-			value	Lower	Upper		Lower	Upper		Lower	Upper
lalton Sanitary and Combined Sewer Use By-law - Organics															
Oil and Grease (animal/vegetable) in water	5522846		< 0.5	< 0.5	NA	< 0.5	102%	60%	130%	108%	60%	130%	108%	60%	130%
Oil and Grease (mineral) in water	5522846		< 0.5	< 0.5	NA	< 0.5	84%	60%	130%	89%	60%	130%	83%	60%	130%
Methylene Chloride	5510971		< 0.0003	< 0.0003	NA	< 0.0003	110%	50%	140%	80%	60%	130%	104%	50%	140%
Chloroform	5510971		< 0.0002	< 0.0002	NA	< 0.0002	119%	50%	140%	106%	60%	130%	117%	50%	140%
Benzene	5510971		< 0.0002	< 0.0002	NA	< 0.0002	112%	50%	140%	103%	60%	130%	112%	50%	140%
Trichloroethene	5510971		< 0.0002	< 0.0002	NA	< 0.0002	85%	50%	140%	96%	60%	130%	108%	50%	140%
Toluene	5510971		< 0.0002	< 0.0002	NA	< 0.0002	98%	50%	140%	98%	60%	130%	102%	50%	140%
Tetrachloroethene	5510971		< 0.010	< 0.010	NA	< 0.010	86%	50%	140%	110%	60%	130%	90%	50%	140%
Ethylbenzene	5510971		< 0.0001	< 0.0001	NA	< 0.0001	103%	50%	140%	107%	60%	130%	104%	50%	140%
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5510971		< 0.0002	< 0.0002	NA	< 0.0002	112%	50%	140%	91%	60%	130%	102%	50%	140%
Naphthalene	5542797		<0.0003	<0.0003	NA	< 0.0003	101%	50%	140%	78%	50%	140%	100%	50%	140%

Comments: When the average of the sample and duplicate results is less than 5x the RDL, the Relative Percent Difference (RPD) will be indicated as Not Applicable (NA).

Certified By:

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**AGAT** QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT (V1)



## **Quality Assurance**

CLIENT NAME: SIRATI & PARTNERS CONSULTANTS LTD

PROJECT: SP23-1265-00

SAMPLING SITE: 159 Confederation St., Halton

AGAT WORK ORDER: 23T103703 ATTENTION TO: Hiva Elhami SAMPLED BY:Hiva Elhami

				Wate	er Ar	nalysi	is								
RPT Date: Dec 21, 2023				DUPLICAT	E		REFERE	NCE MA	TERIAL	METHOD	BLAN	SPIKE	MAT	RIX SPI	IKE
PARAMETER	Batch	Sample	Dup #1	Dup #2	RPD	Method Blank	Measured	Acce Lir	ptable nits	Recoverv	Acce	eptable nits	Recoverv	Acce Lir	ptable mits
		Id					value	Lower	Upper		Lower	Upper	,	Lower	Uppe
Halton Sanitary and Combine	ed Sewer Use B	y-law - In	organics												
рН	5543207		7.66	7.83	2.2%	NA	100%	90%	110%						
Total Suspended Solids	5543135		<10	<10	NA	< 10	94%	80%	120%						
Fluoride	5542874		<0.05	<0.05	NA	< 0.05	109%	70%	130%	96%	80%	120%	102%	70%	130%
Sulphate	5542874		217	216	0.5%	< 0.10	94%	70%	130%	98%	80%	120%	NA	70%	130%
Cyanide, SAD	5537724		0.008	0.008	NA	< 0.002	107%	70%	130%	93%	80%	120%	108%	70%	130%
Phenols	5544045		<0.002	<0.002	NA	< 0.002	92%	90%	110%	95%	90%	110%	94%	80%	120%
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	5537724		4.63	4.63	0.0%	< 0.10	101%	70%	130%	97%	80%	120%	87%	70%	130%
Total Phosphorus	5542216 5	5542216	0.04	0.04	NA	< 0.02	99%	70%	130%	107%	80%	120%	120%	70%	130%
Total Aluminum	5543207		<0.010	<0.010	NA	< 0.010	94%	70%	130%	102%	80%	120%	90%	70%	130%
Total Antimony	5543207		< 0.003	<0.003	NA	< 0.003	99%	70%	130%	101%	80%	120%	99%	70%	130%
Total Arsenic	5543207		<0.003	<0.003	NA	< 0.003	96%	70%	130%	99%	80%	120%	96%	70%	130%
Total Beryllium	5543207		<0.001	<0.001	NA	< 0.001	99%	70%	130%	108%	80%	120%	99%	70%	130%
Total Cadmium	5543207		<0.0001	<0.0001	NA	< 0.0001	101%	70%	130%	102%	80%	120%	96%	70%	130%
Total Chromium	5543207		<0.003	< 0.003	NA	< 0.003	100%	70%	130%	100%	80%	120%	103%	70%	130%
Total Cobalt	5543207		<0.0005	<0.0005	NA	< 0.0005	5 100%	70%	130%	104%	80%	120%	103%	70%	130%
Total Copper	5543207		0.003	0.002	NA	< 0.002	100%	70%	130%	99%	80%	120%	98%	70%	130%
Total Iron	5543207		<0.050	<0.050	NA	< 0.050	96%	70%	130%	101%	80%	120%	97%	70%	130%
Total Lead	5543207		<0.0005	<0.0005	NA	< 0.0005	5 99%	70%	130%	95%	80%	120%	90%	70%	130%
Total Manganese	5543207		0.009	0.009	NA	< 0.002	99%	70%	130%	107%	80%	120%	103%	70%	130%
Total Mercury	5536620		<0.0002	<0.0002	NA	< 0.0002	99%	70%	130%	98%	80%	120%	93%	70%	130%
Total Molybdenum	5543207		<0.002	<0.002	NA	< 0.002	104%	70%	130%	88%	80%	120%	109%	70%	130%
Total Nickel	5543207		<0.003	< 0.003	NA	< 0.003	99%	70%	130%	106%	80%	120%	100%	70%	130%
Total Selenium	5543207		<0.002	<0.002	NA	< 0.002	96%	70%	130%	100%	80%	120%	96%	70%	130%
Total Silver	5543207		0.0003	0.0003	NA	< 0.0001	103%	70%	130%	100%	80%	120%	97%	70%	130%
Total Tin	5543207		<0.002	<0.002	NA	< 0.002	99%	70%	130%	102%	80%	120%	100%	70%	130%
Total Titanium	5543207		0.039	0.037	NA	< 0.010	98%	70%	130%	100%	80%	120%	96%	70%	130%
Total Zinc	5543207		<0.020	<0.020	NA	< 0.020	105%	70%	130%	110%	80%	120%	105%	70%	130%

Comments: NA signifies Not Applicable.

Duplicate NA: results are under 5X the RDL and will not be calculated.

Matrix spike NA: Spike level < native concentration. Matrix spike acceptance limits do not apply and are not calculated.

5542216 5542216	0.013	0.012	NA	< 0.004	105%	70%	130%	104%	80%	120%	106%	70%	130%
5542216 5542216	<0.001	<0.001	NA	< 0.001	99%	70%	130%	106%	80%	120%	109%	70%	130%
5542216 5542216	0.002	0.002	NA	< 0.001	101%	70%	130%	101%	80%	120%	109%	70%	130%
5542216 5542216	<0.0005	<0.0005	NA	< 0.0005	105%	70%	130%	98%	80%	120%	118%	70%	130%
5542216 5542216	<0.0001	<0.0001	NA	< 0.0001	100%	70%	130%	96%	80%	120%	101%	70%	130%
5542216 5542216	<0.002	<0.002	NA	< 0.002	100%	70%	130%	100%	80%	120%	98%	70%	130%
5542216 5542216	<0.0008	<0.0008	NA	< 0.0005	101%	70%	130%	97%	80%	120%	106%	70%	130%
	5542216 5542216 5542216 5542216 5542216 5542216 5542216 5542216 5542216 5542216 5542216 5542216 5542216 5542216	5542216       5542216       0.013         5542216       5542216       <0.001	5542216       5542216       0.013       0.012         5542216       5542216       <0.001	5542216       5542216       0.013       0.012       NA         5542216       5542216       <0.001	5542216         5542216         0.013         0.012         NA         < 0.004           5542216         5542216         <0.001	5542216         5542216         0.013         0.012         NA         < 0.004         105%           5542216         5542216         <0.001	5542216         5542216         0.013         0.012         NA         < 0.004         105%         70%           5542216         5542216         <0.001	5542216       5542216       0.013       0.012       NA       < 0.004					

### AGAT QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT (V1)

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## Quality Assurance

CLIENT NAME: SIRATI & PARTNERS CONSULTANTS LTD

#### PROJECT: SP23-1265-00

#### SAMPLING SITE: 159 Confederation St., Halton

## AGAT WORK ORDER: 23T103703 ATTENTION TO: Hiva Elhami SAMPLED BY:Hiva Elhami

Water Analysis (Continued)							
	DUPLICATE		REFERENCE MATERIAL	ME			

RPT Date: Dec 21, 2023				DUPLICATI	=		REFERENCE MATERIAL			METHOD BLANK SPIKE			MATRIX SPIKE		
PARAMETER	Batch	Sample	Dup #1	Dup #2 RPD		Method Blank	Measured	Acceptable Limits		Recovery	Acce Lir	ptable nits	Recovery	Acce Lin	ptable nits
		Id					value	Lower	Upper		Lower	Upper		Lower	Upper
Dissolved Copper	5542216	5542216	<0.001	<0.001	NA	< 0.001	100%	70%	130%	99%	80%	120%	100%	70%	130%
Dissolved Iron	5542216	5542216	0.046	0.027	NA	< 0.010	96%	70%	130%	117%	80%	120%	99%	70%	130%
Dissolved Lead	5542216	5542216	<0.0005	<0.0005	NA	< 0.0005	103%	70%	130%	101%	80%	120%	100%	70%	130%
Dissolved Manganese	5542216	5542216	0.049	0.046	6.3%	< 0.002	96%	70%	130%	100%	80%	120%	102%	70%	130%
Dissolved Molybdenum	5542216	5542216	0.009	0.006	NA	< 0.002	102%	70%	130%	107%	80%	120%	106%	70%	130%
Dissolved Nickel	5542216	5542216	0.007	0.007	NA	0.002	102%	70%	130%	97%	80%	120%	100%	70%	130%
Dissolved Selenium	5542216	5542216	<0.001	<0.001	NA	< 0.001	98%	70%	130%	100%	80%	120%	101%	70%	130%
Dissolved Silver	5542216	5542216	<0.0001	0.0002	NA	< 0.0001	100%	70%	130%	100%	80%	120%	95%	70%	130%
Dissolved Tin	5542216	5542216	<0.002	<0.002	NA	< 0.002	101%	70%	130%	101%	80%	120%	104%	70%	130%
Dissolved Titanium	5542216	5542216	<0.003	<0.003	NA	< 0.002	96%	70%	130%	87%	80%	120%	95%	70%	130%
Dissolved Zinc	5542216	5542216	<0.005	<0.005	NA	< 0.005	101%	70%	130%	94%	80%	120%	100%	70%	130%

Comments: NA signifies Not Applicable.

Duplicate NA: results are under 5X the RDL and will not be calculated.

CBOD5								
Biochemical Oxygen Demand,	5538272	<120	<120	NA	< 2	96%	70%	130%
Carbonaceous								

Comments: NA signifies Not Applicable.

Duplicate NA: results are under 5X the RDL and will not be calculated.



**AGAT** QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT (V1)

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## Method Summary

CLIENT NAME: SIRATI & PARTNERS CONSULTANTS LTD

## PROJECT: SP23-1265-00

SAMPLING SITE: 159 Confederation St., Halton

AGAT WORK ORDER: 23T103703

ATTENTION TO: Hiva Elhami

SAMPLING SITE:159 Confederation St.,	Halton	SAMPLED BY:Hiva Elhami							
PARAMETER	AGAT S.O.P	LITERATURE REFERENCE	ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUE						
Microbiology Analysis			1						
Escherichia coli	MIC-93-7010	EPA 1604	Membrane Filtration						
Trace Organics Analysis									
Oil and Grease (animal/vegetable) in water	VOL-91-5011	EPA SW-846 3510C & SM5520	BALANCE						
Oil and Grease (mineral) in water	VOL-91-5011	EPA SW-846 3510C & SM5520	BALANCE						
Methylene Chloride	VOL-91-5001	modified from EPA 5030B & EPA 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS						
Chloroform	VOL-91-5001	modified from EPA 5030B & EPA 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS						
Benzene	VOL-91-5001	modified from EPA 5030B & EPA 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS						
Trichloroethene	VOL-91-5001	modified from EPA 5030B & EPA 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS						
Toluene	VOL-91-5001	modified from EPA 5030B & EPA 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS						
Tetrachloroethene	VOL-91-5001	modified from EPA 5030B & EPA 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS						
Ethylbenzene	VOL-91-5001	modified from EPA 5030B & EPA 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS						
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	VOL-91-5001	modified from EPA 5030B & EPA 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS						
Naphthalene	ORG-91-5105	modified from EPA 3510C and EPA 8270E	GC/MS						
Toluene-d8	VOL-91- 5001	modified from EPA 5030B & EPA 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS						
4-Bromofluorobenzene	VOL-91- 5001	modified from EPA 5030B & EPA 8260D	(P&T)GC/MS						
Naphthalene-d8	ORG-91-5105	modified from EPA 3510C and EPA 8270E	GC/MS						



## Method Summary

CLIENT NAME: SIRATI & PARTNERS CONSULTANTS LTD PROJECT: SP23-1265-00

AGAT WORK ORDER: 23T103703 ATTENTION TO: Hiva Elhami

FROJECT. 3FZ3-1203-00		ATTENTION TO: Tiva Elitanii							
SAMPLING SITE:159 Confederation St	., Halton	SAMPLED BY: Hiva Elhami							
PARAMETER	AGAT S.O.P	LITERATURE REFERENCE	ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUE						
Water Analysis									
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, Carbonaceous	INOR-121-6023	SM 5210 B	INCUBATOR						
Dissolved Aluminum	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Antimony	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Arsenic	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Beryllium	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Cadmium	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Chromium	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Cobalt	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Copper	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Iron	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Lead	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Manganese	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Molybdenum	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Nickel	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Selenium	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Silver	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Tin	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Titanium	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
Dissolved Zinc	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8 and EPA 3005A	ICP-MS						
рН	INOR-93-6000	modified from SM 4500-H+ B	PC TITRATE						
Total Suspended Solids	INOR-93-6028	modified from EPA 1684,ON MOECC E3139,SM 2540C,D	BALANCE						
Fluoride	INOR-93-6004	modified from SM 4110 B	ION CHROMATOGRAPH						
Sulphate	INOR-93-6004	modified from SM 4110 B	ION CHROMATOGRAPH						
Cyanide, SAD	INOR-93-6051	modified from MOECC E3015; SM 4500-CN- A, B, & C	SEGMENTED FLOW ANALYSIS						
Phenols	INOR-93-6072	modified from SM 5530 D	LACHAT FIA						
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	INOR-93-6048	modified from EPA 351.2 and SM 4500-NORG D	LACHAT FIA						
Total Phosphorus	INOR-93-6022	modified from SM 4500-P B and SM 4500-P E	SPECTROPHOTOMETER						
	MET 02 6102	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A,							

**Total Aluminum** 

**Total Antimony** 

3010A & 6020B

3010A & 6020B

modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A,

MET-93-6103

MET-93-6103

**ICP-MS** 

**ICP-MS** 



## Method Summary

CLIENT NAME: SIRATI & PARTNERS CONSULTANTS LTD PROJECT: SP23-1265-00

AGAT WORK ORDER: 23T103703

ATTENTION TO: Hiva Elhami

SAMPLING SITE: 159 Confederatio	n St., Halton	SAMPLED BY: Hiva Elhami						
PARAMETER	AGAT S.O.P	LITERATURE REFERENCE	ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUE					
Total Arsenic	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A, 3010A & 6020B	ICP-MS					
Total Beryllium	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A, 3010A & 6020B	ICP-MS					
Total Cadmium	MET -93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A, 3010A & 6020B	ICP-MS					
Total Chromium	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A, 3010A & 6020B	ICP-MS					
Total Cobalt	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A, 3010A & 6020B	ICP-MS					
Total Copper	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A, 3010A & 6020B	ICP-MS					
Total Iron	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A, 3010A & 6020B	ICP-MS					
Total Lead	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A, 3010A & 6020B	ICP-MS					
Total Manganese	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A, 3010A & 6020B	ICP-MS					
Total Mercury	MET-93-6100	modified from EPA 245.2 and SM 311 B	<sup>2</sup> CVAAS					
Total Molybdenum	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A, 3010A & 6020B	ICP-MS					
Total Nickel	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A, 3010A & 6020B	ICP-MS					
Total Selenium	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A, 3010A & 6020B	ICP-MS					
Total Silver	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A, 3010A & 6020B	ICP-MS					
Total Tin	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A, 3010A & 6020B	ICP-MS					
Total Titanium	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A, 3010A & 6020B	ICP-MS					
Total Zinc	MET-93-6103	modified from EPA 200.8, 3005A, 3010A & 6020B	ICP-MS					

## APPENDIX E



#### Short Term Dewatering Calculations for 159 Confederation St. (BH/MW-01) Service Trenching Groundwater Dewatering Calculation (Q1)

m/day

0.02

Total Q

Q=

m2

333.5 Total Dewatering Volume Q = Q1 + Q2

6,670 L/day

38,260 L/day

L/day

6670

B - Assumed C - Target D - Assumed A- Initial Water Aquifer Water Level Bottom of Level Elevation Bottom Elevation Dewatering (m) Elevation (m) (m) Well (m) 248.6 247.2 246.2 Partially Penetrating Well Method Zone of Zone of Influence from Influence Center of from Edge of No safety safety factor of 3.0 Eq. 7.1 Eq. 7.2 Average Excavation Excavation factor H-s = A-D (m) t =C-D (m) s=D-B (m) k (m/s) Q1 (L/day) Q1 (L/day) a (m) b (m) re (m) re (m) re (m) Ro (m) R 2.4 1 1.94E-06 333.5 6 18.3 25.2 21.8 28 6 10,530 31,590 k = soil permeability; H = initial water table level in aquifer; Fully penetrating well, unconfined aquifer, Ro  $\pi k \left( H^2 - h_w^2 \right)$ 0. Q= (7.5) circular source at  $\ln \left[ R_{o}/r_{e} \right]$  $h_w$  = lowered water level in equivalent well; distance R<sub>0</sub> (Dupuitre = equivalent radius of well; Forcheimer equation)  $R_0$  = radius of influence. h. Initial phreatic surface Q. 17 1 (SEE FIG. 4-23 FOR DETERMINING R.) R - P (a) (b) FULLY PENETRATING WELL FLOW, Q, , OR DRAWDOWN, H<sup>2</sup> -  $h^2$ , NEGLECTING HEIGHT OF FREE DISCHARGE,  $h^4$  (CONDITION (0)).  $Q_{w} = \frac{\pi k \left(H^{2} - h_{w}^{2}\right)}{\ln \left(R/r_{w}\right)}$  $Q_w = \frac{\pi k(H^2 - h^2)}{\ln (R/r)}$ (1) OR (2)  $\frac{FLOW,~Q_{W}}{r},~Taking~h'~into~account~(b)~can be estimated accurately from eq~2~using height of water, i + s (s =0~for fully penetrating well), for the term ~h_{W}.$ FULLY OR PARTIALLY PENETRATING WELL  $Q_{w} = \frac{\pi k [(H - s)^{2} - t^{2}]}{\ln (R/r_{w})} \left[ 1 + \left( 0.30 + \frac{10r_{w}}{H} \right) SIN \frac{1.8s}{H} \right]$ (3) (b) (a) RADIUS OF INFLUENCE, R, CAN BE ESTIMATED FOR BOTH ARTESIAN AND GRAVITY FLOWS BY  $R = C (H - h_w) \sqrt{k}$ (1) R. H. AND  $h_w$  ARE DEFINED PREVIOUSLY AND EXPRESSED IN FEET. COEFFICIENT WHERE a Figure 7.5 Equivalent radius of arrays of wells. (a) Circular system of radius r<sub>e</sub>. (b) Rec-tangular system. OF PERMEABILITY, k, IS EXPRESSED IN 10<sup>-4</sup> CM/SEC. plan dimensions a by b, the equivalent radius can be estimated by assuming C = 3 FOR ARTESIAN AND GRAVITY FLOWS AND a well of equal perimeter TO A WELL.  $r_e = \frac{\left(a+b\right)}{2}$ C = 1.5 TO 2.0 FOR A SINGLE LINE OF (7.1)WELLPOINTS. or equal area  $r_{\rm e} = \sqrt{\frac{ab}{\pi}}$ (7.2) 2) Stormwater runoff as per 20 mm per day Precipitation Site Area Q2

# APPENDIX F



## DETAILED WATER BALANCE CALCULATIONS 159 Confederation Street, Halton Hills, ON

### 1 Climate Information

Precipitation	898	mm/a	
Actual Evapotranspiration	529	mm/a	
Water Surplus	369	mm/a	
2 Infiltration Rates			
Table 2 Approach - Infiltration factors			
Topography: Flat to rolling Land	0.25		
Soil Type: predominantly open sandy loam	0.4		
Cover: Open Land	0.1		
Total	0.75		
Infiltration (0.75 x 369)	277	mm/a	
Run-off (369-277)	92	mm/a	
Table 3 Approach - Typical Recharge Rates			
Coarse Sand and Gravel	>250	mm/a	
Fine to medium sand	200-250	mm/a	
Silty sand to sandy silt	150-200	mm/a	
Silt	125-150	mm/a	
Clayey Silt	100- 125	mm/a	
Clay	<100	mm/a	
Site development area is underlain predominantly by SILT SANDY SILT soils	Y SAND to		
Based on the above, the recharge rate is typically		150-200	mm/a
3 Pre-Development Property Statistics	ha	m2	
Paved Area	0	0	
Roof Area	0.001	10	
Landscape Area	12.2637	122637	
Total	12.2647	122647	
4 Post Dovelopment Property Statistics	ha	m7	
4 Post-Development Property statistics	1 00200	10040	
raveu Area Total Building Poof Area	1.08398	10840	
Landscano Aroa	1.7822	1/822	
Lanuscape Area	9.3985	93985	
i otal Land Area	12.26468	122647	

### 5. Annual Pre-Development Water Balance

Lan	d Use	Area (m²)	Precipitation (m <sup>3</sup> )	Evapotranspiration (m3)	Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> )	Run-off (m³)			
	Paved Area	0	0	0	0	0			
Impervious Areas	Roof Area	10	9	1	0	8			
Pervious Areas	Landscape Area	122,637	110,128	64,875	33,940	11,313			
		122,647	110,137	64,876	33,940	11,321			
Assuming no infiltration occurring in paved and roof areas, and 10% of precipitation to be evaporated from paved and roof areas.									

## 6. Annual Post-Development Water Balance

Land	d Use	Area (m²)	Precipitation (m <sup>3</sup> )	Evapotranspiration (m3)	Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> )	Run-off (m³)
	Paved Area	10840	9,734	973	0	8,761
Impervious Areas	Roof Area	Roof Area 17822	16,004	1,600	0	14,404 8,670
Pervious Areas	Landscape Area	93985	84,399	49,718	26,010	
		122,647	110,137	52,292	26,010	31,835
Assuming no infiltra	tion occurring in pave	d and roof areas. 10%	% of precipitation to be eva	aporated from payed and gener	al roof areas.	

## 7. Comparision of Pre- and Post -Development

	Precipitation (m <sup>3</sup> )	Evapotranspiration (m3)	Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> )	Run-off (m³)
Pre-Development	110,137	64,876	33,940	11,321
Post-Development	110,137	52,292	26,010	31,835
Change in Volume		-12584	-7929	20513
Change in %			-23	181

## 8. Requirement for Infiltration of Roof Run-off

Volume of Pre-Development Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> /annum)	33,940
Volume of Post-Development Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> /annum)	26,010
Deficit from Pre to Post Development Infiltration (m <sup>3</sup> /annum)	7,929
Percentage of Roof Runoff required to match the pre-development infiltration (%)	55

## APPENDIX G





Latitude:43.68279, Longitude:-79.93932 (UTM Zone:17, Easting:585491, Northing:4837189)

unglas		·	are the second	n an	1		
	the second			<b>90 N</b> 0	11/91		
9 R N		•		20 Nº			
Elev. 5 19			್ಯಾ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಭಾಸದ ಮಾನಗಳು ಗ್ರಾ	66			
Basin 24	ONTARIO	: 4	han an an an ann an an an an an an an an				
$L_0 \neq -22$ Department of	Mines, Provi	nce of O	ntario				
(Glen Williams) Water V	Vell	Red	cord				
Real Real Alert	يت يت	QUESS.	ING. Chl	11:11			
County or Territorial District	o, <del>Vi</del> `own	or/City)	vn or City	n	Achier		
		Sala	n. Wetter	men P.O.	• • • • • • • • •		
(day) (month) (year)	of Well (exclud	ing pump	)	•••••	• • • • • • • • • •		
Pipe and Casing Record			Pumping Test	-			
Casing diameter (s) 4	Date	aug 7.					
Length (s) of casing (s). $436$	Static level.	82.4	To hatte	••••••••••••••••			
Length of screen	Pumping rat	e	al. per. mon				
Distance from top of screen to ground level	Duration of	test∜.		•••••			
Is well a gravel-wall type?	Distance from	m cylinde	r or bowls to ground	l level			
W Chantan Chan	Vater Record				·		
Kind (fresh or mineral). Slightly, mp	reral-b	ring	Depth(s) to Water	Kind of Water	No. of Feet Water Rises		
Appearance (clear, cloudy, coloured), Clear		• • • • • • • • •	Horizon(s)	slightly			
For what purpose (s) is the water to be used?	C	•••••		mufaiaf			
	•••••						
How far is well from possible source of contamination? What is the source of contamination?	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
Enclose a copy of any mineral analysis that has been ma	de of water	• • • • • • • • •					
Well Log		1	Loc	ation of Well			
Overburden and Bedrock Record	From 0 ft	To CAft	In diagram b	elow show dista	nces of		
clay with graver stone	60	85	well from re	ad and lot lin	e. In-		
			dicate north	te north by arrow.			
				~ ~ ~			
			lot 22	(1,1,0)			
			, `	ovope			
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			A 1				
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					and a second		
		-	$\bigtriangledown$				
Situation: Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside?.	uplan	. A					
Drilling Firm. A. M. Aproved & Person		•••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••		
Vame of Driller. R. Larow 4 son	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Address	RR4 au	La company			
Date. In A. 19574		Licence	Number 2.2.2	····	··· /····		
ORM 5			Signature o	Licensee	·/		
			Purk	302			
			,				

$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	MAR 14 1957 ONTARIO SI ULOGICAL BRANCH
Dasin The	e Water-well Drillers Act, 1954EPARTMENT OF MINES
1. 22	Department of Mines
County or Territorial District Halton Date completed	er-Well Record hip, Village, Town or CityEsquesing(Glen
Pipe and Casing Record	Pumping Test
Casing diameter(s) $\frac{6\frac{1}{4}}{1}$ Length(s) $\frac{86!}{1}$	Static level       Nil dry         Pumping rate       Pumping level

## Well Log

Length of screen .....

## Water Record

Duration of test .....

Overburden and Bedrock Record	From ft.	To ft.	Depth (s) at which water (s) found	No. of feet water rises	Kind of water (fresh, salty, or sulphur)
Loose fill(cinders)	0				
Sandy clay	5	26			
Blue Clay	26	52		-	
Red clay Till(pebble)	52	71			
Silt	71	75			
very fine sand	7 <b>5</b>	85			<u> </u>
Shale (red)	85	150			
		-			

For what purpose(s) is the water to be used? Concrete Block Plant Dry
Is water clear or cloudy?
Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside? Hillside
Drilling firm Brodie & Dennis Address 11 Byron Street Georgetown, Ont.
Name of Driller F.M. Dennis Address 11 Byron St. Georgetown, Ont.
Licence Number
I certify that the foregoing statements of fact are true.
Date Mar 6/57 Mul 2 1 12 10 Signature of Licensee

Location of Well In diagram below show distances of well from road and lot line. Indicate north by arrow.  $l \sim$ 



$\frac{ z }{ z }$	Interview of the water	ater-well Dr Department	ario illers Act, 1954 of Mines II Recoi	.28 	MO 1496 WATER BRANCH 1 0 1958 MO WATER O COLOMISSION
County or Territorial District (day)	(month)	(year)	ship, <del>Village, Town or</del> n Village, <del>Town or</del> Address	City ESQU City) N QICL	VESINC Anns
Pipe and Casin	g Record		······································	Pumping Test	
Casing diameter (s)			Static level Pumping rate Pumping level Duration of test	6 F.T 21/2 C.F 24 F.T 2 H.R.S	<u>}</u>
Oracha da da da da	From		Depth(s)	Water Record	Kind of motor
TOP SOIL	from ft.	/10 /	at which water (s) found	No. of feet water rises	(fresh, salty, or sulphur)
YELLOW CLAY RED CLAY		151			-
For what purpose (s) is the water $f = f + O \cup S E$ Is water clear or cloudy? Is well on upland, in valley, or on $f = f + E E$ Drilling firm $f = M$ . $D \in f = E$ Address $G \in O \cap C \in E$ Name of Driller Address $f = F + E E$ Licence Number. I certify that the forst at	to be used? $\angle E \land P \land$ hillside? $\neg \land \land \land \land \land$ $\neg \land \land \land \land \land$ pregoing ure true. $\bigcirc \land \land \land \land \land$ hature of Licensee		Lo In diagram below road and lot line X 0 1 2 3 0 1 1 2 2 3 0 1 1 2 2 3 0 1 1 2 2 3 0 1 1 2 2 3 0 1 1 2 3 0 1 1 2 3 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	cation of Well show distances of . Indicate north	well from $p$ by arrow $f$ p p f f f f f f f f f f

	inplot.				
		R.		<b>90</b>	No 1107
				40	
Basin 24 2 1 The Onter	io Water Re	sources Com	nission Act. 195	7	
WAI	ER W	ELL	RECOR	D	
County or District	4 7 - 181	Township,	Village, Town or	r City	
Con Lot	¢	Date com	pleted	month	year)
		dress			
Casing and Screen Record			Put	mping Test	
Inside diameter of casing.		Static le	vel 3	$\bigcirc$	
Total length of casing 68		Test-pur	nping rate	6	G.P.M.
Type of screen		Pumping	g level	4-5-	
Length of screen		Duration	n of test pumping	g 8 HRS	•
Depth to top of screen		Water c	lear or cloudy at	end of test	EPR
Diameter of finished hole		Recomm	ended pumping	rate 6	G.P.M.
		with	pumping level o	f	
Well Log	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Wa	ter Record	
Overburden and Bedrock Record	From ft.	To ft.	Depth(s) at which water(s) found	No. of feet water rises	Kind of water (fresh, salty, sulphur)
P. C. M. C.				·	
Constant Cong y	4. T"	6 2-	<u> </u>		
ENE SATURA		1.0 2			
<u>Kebbbe</u>	_67_	26			
				Q	<u> </u>
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
		····			
		······			
For what purpose(s) is the water to be used?			Locat	ion of Well	n./
		. In	diagram below	show distances of	well from
Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside?		. ro	ad and lot line.	Indicate north	by arrow.
Drilling Firm J. E. O'F	t e			A motor of the	1
Address Line How SE	An		······	X	
T J			····································	. L'ART.	> N
Licence Number					
Name of Driller				A	
Address	••••••	and the second		- Comment	
Date	••••••				
5 BRond,		* <b>*</b> ∂ ≥	F		
(sugnature or Licensed Drilling Contractor)					
		I	، میں بی میں اور		

$\begin{array}{c cccc} & z \\ $	unplot. Water Res CR W	Cources Comments ELL ] Township, Dife comments Iress Static le	nission Act, 195 RECOR Village, Town o pleted (day Ulen Pur vel	$D$ $r City E squest$ $\frac{GROUNI}{28}$ $OE$ $ON$ $RESOUT D r City E squest \frac{GROUNI}{16} \frac{GROUNI}{28} \frac{OE}{16} \frac{GROUNI}{28} \frac{OE}{16} \frac{GROUNI}{28} \frac{OE}{16} \frac{GROUNI}{28} \frac{OE}{16} \frac{GROUNI}{28} \frac{GROUNI}{28} \frac{OE}{16} \frac{GROUNI}{28} \frac{GROUNI}{28} \frac{OE}{16} \frac{GROUNI}{28} \frac{GROUNI}{28} \frac{OE}{16} \frac{GROUNI}{28} \frac{GROUNI}{$	WATER BRAND Nº 1498 O 7 190 TARIO WATER REES COMMISSION 1960 year) resunt Urice)			
Type of screen home Length of screen Depth to top of screen Diameter of finished hole 5 "	Pumping level 104 Duration of test pumping 3 hrs Water clear or cloudy at end of test Clear Recommended pumping rate 3 with pumping level of 95 ft							
Well Log		Water Record						
Overburden and Bedrock Record	from ft.	To ft.	at which water(s) found	No. of feet water rises	Kind of water (fresh, salty, sulphur)			
Previously \$ 96 57 Prilled to 96 57 Prilled fock to 57	0	96	73-96(	E ypm. uprox) 4	fresh.			
		10.6	(3	gel cermin) 5.	freah.			
•								
For what purpose(s) is the water to be used? <i>formatic</i> Sur Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside? <i>for hillside</i>	pply.	In roa	<b>Locat</b> diagram below ad and lot line.	ion of Well show distances of Indicate north	well from by arrow.			
Drilling Firm Address Licence Number. 419 Name of Driller. Non P. Jacobso Address 175 Man St. N. Date Man 3 (60 (Signature of Licensed Drilling Contractor)	n. Grorgetow	F a t	ke J. O'k bor locat his hole. I	Pourke's,	nap ious on A <u>xxx: 100</u> t			
Form 5 15M-58-4149			1072		EN WILLIAM			

UTM    z	ources Commission		CONTRACTOR	Branch Nº 500
County or District HALTON Con. 10 Lot WEST PART 2022	Township, Village, ' Date completed fress GLEI	Fown or City	ESQUI month	SING 1962 <sub>year</sub> )
Casing and Screen Record         Inside diameter of casing       7"         Total length of casing       39'         Type of screen       1000000000000000000000000000000000000	Static level Test-pumping r Pumping level Duration of test Water clear or cl	Pumpi 29- ate 11/2 pumping oudy at end o	ng Test 2/2'' 2 to 2 35' 6 hs. f test $A''_{L}$ ; $TT$ . $1'/_{2}$	G.P.M. LE CLOUDY
Well Log	with pump settir	ng of 40	feet bel	G.P.M. ow ground surface er Record
GRAVEL + LOAM CLAY T GRAVEL BROWN CLAY SANDY CLAY SILTY SAND SAND T GRAVEL	13 13 23 34 38		which water (s) found 38 = 41	FRESH
For what purpose(s) is the water to be used? HOUSE Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside? HILLSIDE Drilling or Boring Firm N. BARNHARDT Address R.R.2. BRAMPTON Licence Number 774 Name of Driller or Borer N. BARNHA ROT Address R.A.2. BRAMPTON Date SERF. 14 1967 (Signature of Encensed Drilling or Boring Contractor) Form 7 10M-62-1152 OWRC COPY	In diagram road and	Location a below show lot line. Ind Ro Ci.ld	of Well distances of we licate north by ADENDS TWEEDLE YO'	Il from arrow. AUE NORTH

- (	Mini of th	istry		ΆΤ		ntario Water R	lesources A	et 30 E <b>CO</b>	MI2W-
(	Ontario Envi	I. PRINT ONLY IN S	SPACES PROVIDED	ייי 2 ה	280531		001 C	6.N.	10
[	COUNTY OR DISTRICT	2. CHECK 🖄 CORR	TOWNSHIP, BOROUGH, CITY, TOWN.	2 VILLAGE		CON. BLOCK, TRA	T SURVEY ETC		022
			ss filles ince	1 Drcar	- 17	ارد با برج م	DATE C		7.44 1 <sup>11-53</sup> 79
						RC BASIN CODE	DAY_	мо	Υ <b>Ν/Ο</b>
[	1 2	м 10 12							
	GENERAL COLOUR	MOST	OTHER MATERIALS	BEDRUC		GENERAL DESCRIP	NS) 	DEPTH	· FEET
	Nr Beaund	COMMON MATERIAL						FROM	10
	BROWN	SAND MED.						1	15
	BROWN	Sand SILT	SAND					15	35
	GREY	SILT	SAND					38	49
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.						SIZE (S) OF OPENING	31-33 0	AMETER 34-38	11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
	WATER FOUND AT - FEET	KIND OF WATER	INSIDE WALL DIAM MATERIAL THICKN INCHES INCHE	ESS FRUN	PTH - FEET	H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	PE	INCHES	FEET 41-44 30
	036	<pre></pre>	10-11 1 STEEL 12 2 GALVANIZED		0049	Ň			FEET
	15-18 1 C	] FRESH <sup>3</sup> [] SULPHUR <sup>19</sup> ] SALTY <sup>4</sup> [] MINERAL	2.0" 3 CONCRETE G OPEN HOLE			DEPTH SET AT - FEE	IGGING & SE	ALING RECO	
	20-23 1 C	] FRESH <sup>3</sup> □ SULPHUR <sup>24</sup> ] SALTY <sup>4</sup> □ MINERAL	2 GALVANIZED 3 CONCRETE			FROM TO	MATERIAL	AND TYPE LEAD P	ACKER. ETC I
. Y.	25-28 1 [ 2 [	] FRESH 3   SULPHUR 29 ] SALTY 4   MINERAL	4		27-30	18-21 2	2-25	EO CA	AY
	30-33 I [ 2 [	] FRESH 3 [] SULPHUR 34 80 ] SALTY 4 [] MINERAL	A GALVANIZED GONGRETE GOPEN HOLE			26-29 3	0-33 80		7
	71 PUMPING TEST ME	THOD 10 PUMPING RATE	11-14 DURATION OF PUMPING	17-18	TN	LOCATI	ON OF WI	ĒĻL	
	STATIC	2 BAILER WATER LEVEL 25 END OF WATER LI	GPMHOURS	G MINS		RAM BELOW SHOW D	ISTANCES OF WE	LL FROM ROAD A	AN D
		PUMPING 22-24 04485		RY MINUTES	ala		ł	Nouse	
		38-41 PUMP INTAKE S	FEET FEET	FEET 42	Cree	ecent	and the second		well
	RECOMMENDED PU	GPM	FEET 1 CLEAR 2	CLOUDY				1-1	
	SI-53	V XDEEP SETTING C	47 FEET PUMPIN8003	GPM	ふ				
	EINIAL	34 1 X WATER SUPPLY	S ABANDONED, INSUFFICIENT	SUPPLY	بالعد بالعد				
	STATUS	2 OBSERVATION WEL	L 6 🗌 ABANDONED, POOR QUALITY 7 🔲 UNFINISHED		ateo			- /	
		55-56 1 DOMESTIC	S COMMERCIAL		ster				
	WATER USE	3 IRRIGATION	MUNICIPAL     MUNICIPAL     PUBLIC SUPPLY     COOLING OR AIR CONDITIONING		ifea				
		OTHER	° 🗋 NOT USED		e				
	METHOD	CABLE TOOL	• BORING IONAL) ? DIAMOND						
	DRILLING	A CONTACT (ALPENSE A CONT			DRILLERS REMARKS	Billiams			
	NAME OF WELL		LICENCE NUI	MBER			59-62 GALE RECE	ye 0 9 7	G 63-68 80
	ADDRESS	KO KHODES	469	20	DATE OF INSPECT		PECTOR		
	NAME OF DRILL	SEPH 27 271 ER GR BORER	REETSVILLE LICENCE NU	MBER					
	SIGNATURE OF	KHODES	SUBMISSION DATE	0	Plotes	June 27, 1979	¶.¢£		
		thodes	DAY 8 NO 2	_ yr.[7]	ō	<i>v</i>	/	FORM	NO. 0506-4-77
	MINISTRY	OF THE ENVIR	UNMENT COPY	<u>.</u>					

Min of the	iistry he	\&/^-	rei	The Ontario Wo	ater Resources Act		DD
Ontario Env	vironment	VVA	281	<b>176</b> 6.9	NUNICIP. CON.		
COUNTY OR DISTRICT	1. PRINT ONLY IN 2. CHECK 🛛 COR	TOWNSHIP, BOROUGH CITY TOWN VILLAGE		CON BLC		<u> </u>	
Halta		Unliton Hills			10		21
		tweenle	St	Glen Williams		5 MO	48-53 yr <b>90</b>
		N361142		ATION RC. BA		 ]	
1 2	12 L	OG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDR	OCK MA	TERIALS (SEE INST	RUCTIONS	······································	47
GENERAL COLOUR	MOST COMNON MATERIAL	OTHER MATERIALS		GENERAL I	DESCRIPTION	DEPTH	- FEET TO
BROWN	GRAJEL	BOULDERS		HARD		0'	14'
BROWD	SAUD	GRAVEL BOULD	ers	FIRM	١	14'	15'
RED	CLAY	BOULDERS		HARD		15'	26'
RED	GRAVEL	SAND		Loose	£	26'	28'
RED	SHALE	LIMESTONE SEA	ms	Hard		28'	33'
31       32							
41 WA		51 CASING & OPEN HOLE			OPENING 31-33 DIAM	ETER 34-38 L	75 00 ENGTH 39-40
WATER FOUND AT - FEET TAS	TE TEST ONLY	INSIDE WALL DIAM MATERIAL THICKNESS	DEPTH - FE		AND TYPE	INCHES DEPTH TO TOP	FEET
14	FRESH 3 USULPHUR 14 SALTY 4 MINERALS 6 GAS		_ 1 =	13/°		OF SCREEN	FEET
26 20	FRESH 3 DSULPHUR $^{19}$ SALTY 6 DGAS	30 3 CONCRETE 4 OPEN HOLE 5 OPLASTIC	?6	<i>C</i> 61	PLUGGING & SEA	LING RECO	RD
32'	TRESH 3 USULPHUR 24 A MINERALS SALTY 6 CAS	$\begin{array}{c c} 17-18 & 1 & \square \text{ Syeel} & 19 & 16 \\ \hline 1 & 2 & DCALVANIZED \\ \hline 2 & M & 3 & \square \text{ CONCRETE} \\ \hline \end{array}$	~ .	20-23 DEPTH SET A	TO MATERIAL AN	D TYPE LEAD PA	NT GROUT CKER, ETC )
25-28 1 [	FRESH 3 SULPHUR 29 SALTY 6 MINERALS	24-33 1 GEEL 26	0 0		10" BENSE	AL, DATI	VECIA
30-33 1 C	FRESH 3 SULPHUR 34 10 FRESH 4 DMINERALS SALTY 6 Gas	30 <sup>°</sup> <sup>2</sup> DEGALVANIZED <sup>3</sup> CONCRETE <sup>3</sup> CO	30 3	33' 24-29	30-33 50	TILE.	. ראסד
71 PUMPING TET MET	THOD 10 PUMPING RATE	E II-IS DURATION OF PUMPING			ATION OF WEL		
	2 BAILER WATER LEVEL 25	15-16 17-18 Ноиля Міля Т П Римеріля		IN DIAGRAM BELOW S	SHOW DISTANCES OF WELL	FROM ROAD A	N D
LEVEL	END OF WATER L PUMPING 22-24 IS MINUTES	EVELS DURING 2 TRECOVERY 30 MINUTES 45 MINUTES 60 MINUTES	1	LOT LINE INDICAT	TE NORTH BY ARROW.		
5 27 FEET	266 279	ET		١	$\cap$		
GIVE RATE	GPM	31 FEET I VELTAR 2 CLOUDY			ſ		
RECOMMENDED PU	MP TYPE RECOMMENDED PUMP DEEP SETTING	31-45 RECOMMENDED 44.43 PUMPING 5 GPM	1	Tw	EDLE ST.		
\$0-53			1			0*0	
FINAL	1 WATER SUPPLY 2 OBSERVATION WEL	S ABANDONED, INSUFFICIENT SUPPLY G ABANDONED POOR QUALITY		RD RD		F	
OF WELL	3 🗌 TEST HOLE 4 🗍 RECHARGE WELL	7 📙 UNFINISHED				T	
WATER USE	DOMESTIC C STOCK C IRRIGATION C INDUSTRIAL	CONMERCIAL     MUNICIPAL     PUBLIC SUPPLY     COOLING OR AIR CONDITIONING	~		People	)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	57				4		
METHOD OF	Z CABLE TOOL Z ROTARY (CONVENT 3 ROTARY (REVERSE	TIONAL) 7 DIAMOND	C	LEN WILL	IAW2.		~~~
CONSTRUCTION	ON 4 C ROTARY (AIR) 5 AIR PERCUSSION		DRILLER	RS REMARKS		41	6∘/6
MANE OF WELL	CONTRACTOR	LWS CO HO HOBER		RCE 58 CONTRA	ACTOM 53-62 DATE RECEIVED	1 9 1990	<b>63-68 6</b> 0
PRH	2 Actor	UNTARIO L75268		C OF INSPECTION	****ECTOR		
SIMO	D Som ITT	WELL TECHNICIAN'S LICENCE NUMBER		ARKS			
U SIGNATURE OF			OFFI				
			J L	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FC	ORM NO. 0506 (1	1/86) FORM 9

Well ID	Well Record Information ¢	Well Tag # (since 2003) \$	Audit #	Contractor Lic# <sup>\$</sup>	Well Depth (m) <sup>≎</sup>	Da Co (MI
2801403	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4838	26.5	07/
2801413	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4838	29.0	05/
2801414	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4838	30.5	06/
2801415	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4838	27.4	06/
2801416	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4101	36.6	04/
2801417	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1307	10.4	01/
2801418	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1613	61.0	06/
2801419	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1613	36.0	06/
2801420	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1307	11.9	08/
2801471	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4838	28.0	01/
2801474	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4838	25.9	03/
2801476	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4838	24.4	07/
2801477	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4838	23.8	10/
2801483	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1613	36.3	05/

2801484	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1613	10.4	03/
2801486	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1613	27.4	11/
2801488	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4838	28.7	03/
2801489	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4838	27.7	04/
2801490	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4838	29.0	04/
2801491	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4838	25.9	05/
2801492	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1718	22.9	01/
2801493	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1718	45.7	03/
2801495	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4838	29.6	03/
2801496	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1718	12.8	07/
2801497	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4101	29.3	07/
2801498	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	2904	32.3	12/
2801500	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1309	12.5	09/
2801501	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1307	13.7	10/
2801504	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1325	4.9	12/
2801506	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1307	11.6	10/

				4070		
2801507	PDELHIME	N/A	N/A	4838	25.3	067
2802908	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4919	8.5	08/
2802909	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1612	29.3	04/
2802910	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1612	29.3	04/
2802943	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	3414	25.9	08/
2802997	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1612	27.4	09/
2802998	<u>PDF HTML</u>	N/A	N/A	1612	27.4	07/
2803078	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1307	13.7	05/
2803151	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1613	25.9	06/
2803269	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1612	30.5	10/
2803271	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1612	24.4	10/
2803273	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1613	28.0	12/
2803298	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1612	27.7	10/
2803338	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	3637	12.2	04/
2803405	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1660	26.5	04/
2803714	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1660	22.3	07/

2803839	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1815	30.5	05/
2803848	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	2643	31.7	09/
2803865	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	3349	34.1	06/
2804014	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	3637	13.7	09/
2804121	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	3637	11.3	12/
2804259	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1660	20.1	04/
2804385	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	3637	12.8	05/
2804447	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	3637	18.9	04/
2804466	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	3637	12.8	07/
2804547	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	3637	4.3	07/
2804781	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4320	32.0	06/
2805192	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4320	45.4	04/
2805195	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4320	41.1	06/
2805284	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4640	11.6	09/
2805318	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4640	14.9	11/
2805609	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	1413	32.0	01/

2805776	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	4868	15.5	03/
2806014	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	3637	14.0	02/
2806015	PDF HTML	N/A	N/A	3637	14.0	02/
2806256	<u>HTML</u>	N/A	N/A	3637	7.3	04/
2806257	HTML	N/A	N/A	3637	9.8	04/
2806258	HTML	N/A	N/A	3637	9.4	04/
2806355	<u>HTML</u>	N/A	N/A	3637	12.2	06/
2806359	HTML	N/A	N/A	3637	7.0	04/
2806705	PDF HTML	N/A	NA	3349	22.6	10/
2806762	PDF HTML	N/A	07748	4868	6.7	10/
2806818	PDF HTML	N/A	07751	4868	11.9	12/
2807021	PDF HTML	N/A	35096	4919	8.2	07/
2807142	PDF HTML	N/A	41618	4868	7.6	12/
2807172	PDF HTML	N/A	16464	1660	28.7	05/
2807179	PDF HTML	N/A	16463	1660	27.7	05/
2807237	PDF HTML	N/A	41627	4868	12.2	03/

2807250	PDF HTML	N/A	47202	3349	35.1	01/
2807313	PDF HTML	N/A	41675	4868	16.8	06/
2807432	PDF HTML	N/A	41623	4868	16.2	09/
2807552	PDF HTML	N/A	41676	4868	10.1	01/
2808004	PDF HTML	N/A	104045	3349	13.7	09/
2808063	PDF HTML	N/A	104058	3349	27.4	05/
2810043	PDF HTML	N/A	Z17922	2663	N/A	08/
7164858	PDF HTML	N/A	Z127519	7407	N/A	06/
7247808	PDF HTML	N/A	Z215253	7385	N/A	08/
7262263	PDF HTML	N/A	Z216892	7407	N/A	04/
7272362	PDF HTML	N/A	Z216909	7407	N/A	09/
7309092	PDF HTML	N/A	Z267421	7556	N/A	03/
7331309	PDF HTML	N/A	Z291469	7556	N/A	03/
7394399	HTML	A297049	C49711	7725	N/A	06/
7397616	HTML	A316588	Z367585	7230	N/A	07/
7397617	HTML	A316587	Z367586	7230	N/A	07/

Showing 1 to 9	97 of 97 entries			First Prev	lous 1 Next	Last
4						×
7397627	HTML	A316569	Z367583	7230	N/A	07/
7397626	HTML	A316583	Z367582	7230	N/A	07/
7397625	HTML	A316582	Z367584	7230	N/A	07/
7397617	HTML	A316587	Z367586	7230	N/A	07/

## APPENDIX H



## LIMITATION AND USE OF THE REPORT

This report was produced by SIRATI for the Client and may not be relied upon by any other person or entity without the written authorization of SIRATI. The conclusions presented in this report are professional opinions based on the historical and current records search, visual observations and limited information provided by persons knowledgeable about past and current activities on this site. As such, SIRATI cannot be held responsible for environmental conditions at the Property that was not apparent from the available information. No investigation method can completely eliminate the possibility of obtaining partially imprecise or incomplete information; it can only reduce the possibility to an acceptable level.

Professional judgement was exercised in gathering and analyzing data and formulation of recommendations using current industry guidelines and standards. Similar to all professional persons rendering advice, SIRATI cannot act as absolute insurer of the conclusion we have reached. No additional warranty or representation, expressed or implied, is included or intended in this report other than stated herein the report.

The assessment should not be considered a comprehensive audit that eliminates all risks of encountering environmental problems. The information presented herein this report is primarily based on information collected during the hydrogeological study based on the condition of the Property at the time of site inspection/drilling followed by a review of historical data, as appended to this report.

In assessing the environmental setting of the Property, SIRATI has solely relied upon information supplied by others in good faith and has therefore assumed that the information supplied is factual and accurate. We accept no responsibility for any inaccurate information, misrepresentation or for any deficiency of the information supplied by any third party.

The scope of services performed in the execution of this investigation may not be appropriate to satisfy third parties. SIRATI accepts no responsibility for damages if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or action taken based on this report. Any use, copying or distribution of the report in whole or in part is not permitted without the express written permission of SIRATI and use of findings, conclusions and recommendations represented in this report, is at the sole risk of third parties.

In the event that during future work new information regarding the environmental/hydrogeological condition of the Property is encountered, or in the event that the outstanding responses from the regulatory agencies indicate outstanding issues on file with respect to the Property, SIRATI should be notified in order that we may re-evaluate the findings of this assessment and provide amendments, as required.